

SIXTY-DAY NOTICE OF INTENT TO SUE FOR VIOLATION OF THE SAFE DRINKING  
WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986  
(*Cal. Health & Safety Code* § 25249.5, *et seq.*) (“Proposition 65”)

October 17, 2017

Current President/CEO  
Marshalls of MA, Inc.  
818 W 7<sup>th</sup> St. Ste 930  
Los Angeles, CA 90017

Current President/CEO  
Marshalls of MA, Inc.  
The TJX Companies, Inc.  
Marmaxx Operating Corp.  
770 Cochituate Road  
Framingham, MA 01701

Current President/CEO  
Marshalls of CA, Inc.  
3008 Ming Ave.  
Bakersfield, CA 93304

Current President/CEO  
The Spice Lab Inc.  
DVC Industries  
3181 W McNab Rd  
Pompano Beach, FL 33069

Jennifer L. Cramer  
Or Current President/CEO  
The Spice Lab, Inc.  
2620 NE 37 Street  
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33308

Current President/CEO  
DVC Industries, Inc.  
4000 N. Dixie Highway ste 100  
Pompano Beach, FL 33064

John P. Miller  
DVC Industries  
2499 Glades Road Suite 304  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Charlee L. Miska, Esq.  
Registered Agent  
DVC Industries  
14 East Bay Street  
Jacksonville, FL 32202

AND THE PUBLIC PROSECUTORS LISTED ON THE DISTRIBUTION LIST ACCOMPANYING THE  
ATTACHED CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Re: Violations of Proposition 65 concerning **Ground Spices Containing Lead and Lead compounds (“Lead”)**.

To whom this may concern:

**Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc.** (“CAG”), the noticing entity, located at 9903 Santa Monica Boulevard #225, Beverly Hills, California 90212, serves this Notice of Violation (“Notice”) on Marshalls of MA, Inc. Marshalls of CA, Inc., The TJX Companies, Inc. Marmaxx Operating Corp., The Spice Lab Inc., DVC Industries, DVC Industries, Inc. (collectively “Violators”) pursuant to and in compliance with Proposition 65. Violators may contact CAG concerning this Notice through its designated person within the entity, its attorney, Reuben Yeroushalmi 9100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 240W, Beverly Hills, CA 90212, telephone no. (310) 623-1926, facsimile no. (310) 623-1930. This Notice satisfies a prerequisite for CAG to commence an action against Violators in any Superior Court of California to enforce Proposition 65. The violations addressed by this Notice occurred at numerous locations in each county in California as reflected in the district attorney addresses listed in the attached distribution list. CAG is serving this Notice upon each person or entity responsible for the alleged violations, the California Attorney General, the district attorney for each county where alleged violations occurred, and the City Attorney for each city with a population (according to the most recent decennial census) of over 750,000 located within counties where the alleged violations occurred.

- CAG is an organization based in California. CAG is an entity dedicated to protecting the consumer environment, improving human health, and supporting environmentally sound commercial practices. By sending this Notice, CAG is acting “in the public interest” pursuant to Proposition 65.
- This Notice concerns violations of the warning prong of Proposition 65, which states that “[n]o person in the course of doing business shall knowingly and intentionally expose any individual to a chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity without first giving clear and reasonable warning to such individual . . .” *Cal. Health & Safety Code* § 25249.6.
- CAG has discovered **Ground Spices** specifically **Ground Cinnamon (“Cinnamon”)** containing **Lead**, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, developmental toxicity, and reproductive toxicity. On February 27, 1987, the Governor of California added **Lead** to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause developmental and reproductive toxicity, and on October 1, 1992, the Governor added **Lead and Lead compounds** to the list of chemicals known to the State to cause cancer. Both additions took place more than twenty (20) months before CAG served this Notice.
  - An exemplar of the violations caused by **Cinnamon** includes but is not limited to:
    - “**The Spice Lab**”; “**Gourmet Spices**”; “**Ground Cinnamon**”; “**Premium No. 1**”; “**Net Wt. 1.8 oz**”; 1285-017112426-00399-13-9; 8540-4040-208125 FLA10
- This Notice addresses consumer products exposures. A “[c]onsumer products exposure” is an exposure which results from a person’s acquisition, purchase, storage, consumption, or other reasonably foreseeable use of a consumer good, or any exposure that results from receiving a consumer service.” *Cal. Code Regs.* 27 tit. § 25602(b).

Violators caused consumer product exposures in violation of Proposition 65 by producing or making available **Cinnamon** for distribution or sale in California to consumers. The packaging for **Cinnamon** (meaning any label or other written, printed or graphic matter affixed to or accompanying the product or its container or wrapper) contains no Proposition 65-compliant warning. Nor did Violator, with regard to **Cinnamon**, provide a system of signs, public advertising identifying the system and toll-free information services, or any other system, which provided clear and reasonable warnings. Nor did Violator, with regard to **Cinnamon**, provide identification of the product at retail outlets in a manner that provided a warning through shelf labeling, signs, menus, or a combination thereof.

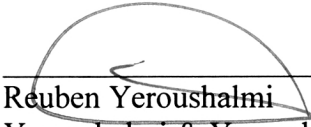
These violations occurred each day between October 17, 2014 and October 17, 2017, and are ever continuing thereafter.

The principal routes of exposure with regard to **Cinnamon** are and were through ingestion, especially direct (oral) ingestion, hand to mouth pathways, inhalation, and trans-dermal absorption. Persons sustain exposures primarily by eating and consuming **Cinnamon**, and additionally by handling **Cinnamon** without wearing gloves or any other personal protective equipment, or by touching bare skin or mucous membranes with gloves after handling **Cinnamon** as well as through direct and indirect hand to mouth contact, hand to mucous membrane, or even breathing in particulate matter dispersed from **Cinnamon**.

Proposition 65 requires that notice of intent to sue be given to the violator(s) sixty (60) days before the suit is filed. *Cal. Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7(d)(1). With this letter, CAG gives notice of the alleged violations to Violator and the appropriate governmental authorities. In absence of any action by the appropriate governmental authorities within sixty (60) calendar days of the sending of this notice (plus ten (10) calendar days because the place of address is beyond the State of California but within the United States), CAG may file suit. See *Cal. Code Civ. Proc.* § 1013; *Cal. Health & Safety Code* § 25249.7(d)(1); and *Cal. Code Regs.* tit. 27 § 25903(d)(1). CAG remains open and willing to discussing the possibility of resolving its grievances short of formal litigation.

With the copy of this notice submitted to the Violators, a copy of the following is attached: The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): A Summary.

Dated: 10/17/18

  
Reuben Yeroushalmi  
Yeroushalmi & Yeroushalmi  
Attorneys for Consumer Advocacy Group, Inc.

## APPENDIX A

### OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

#### THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. Please refer to the statute and OEHHA's implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

Proposition 65 Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13 is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.<sup>1</sup> These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

#### *WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?*

**The "Proposition 65 List."** Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: [http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65\\_list/Newlist.html](http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html).

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

**Clear and reasonable warnings.** A business is required to warn a person before "knowingly and intentionally" exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be "clear and reasonable." This means that the warning must: (1) clearly say that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

**Prohibition from discharges into drinking water.** A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

#### *DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?*

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

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<sup>1</sup> All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

**Grace Periods.** Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

**Governmental agencies and public water utilities.** All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

**Businesses with nine or fewer employees.** Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all full and part-time employees, not just those present in California.

**Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer.** For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses "no significant risk." This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific "No Significant Risk Levels" (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

**Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question.** For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the "no observable effect level" divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

**Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in a Food.** Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant<sup>2</sup> it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

**Discharges that do not result in a "significant amount" of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water.** The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a "significant amount" of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A "significant amount" means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the "no significant risk" level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the "no observable effect" level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

#### **HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?**

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

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<sup>2</sup> See Section 25501(a)(4)

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A private party may not file an action against the alleged violator for these exposures, or recover in a settlement any payment in lieu of penalties or any reimbursement for costs and attorney's fees, if the notice of violation was served on or after October 5, 2013, and the alleged violator has done all of the following within 14 days of being served notice:

- Corrected the alleged violation;
- Agreed to pay a civil penalty of \$500 (subject to change as noted below) to the private party within 30 days; and
- Notified the private party serving the notice in writing that the violation has been corrected.

The written notification to the private-party must include a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form completed by the alleged violator as directed in the notice. On April 1, 2019, and every five years thereafter, the dollar amount of the civil penalty will be adjusted by the Judicial Council based on the change in the annual California Consumer Price Index. The Judicial Council will publish the dollar amount of the adjusted civil penalty at each five-year interval, together with the date of the next scheduled adjustment.

An alleged violator may satisfy these conditions only one time for a violation arising from the same exposure in the same facility or on the same premises. The satisfaction of these conditions does not prevent the Attorney General, a district attorney, a city attorney of a city greater than 750,000 in population, or any full-time city prosecutor with the consent of the district attorney, from filing an enforcement action against an alleged violator. The amount of any civil penalty for a violation shall be reduced to reflect any payment made by the alleged violator for the same alleged violation to a private-party.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included with this notice and can be downloaded from OEHA's website at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>. The notice is reproduced here:

Date:

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Name of Noticing Party or attorney for Noticing Party:

Address:

Phone number:

**SPECIAL COMPLIANCE PROCEDURE  
PROOF OF COMPLIANCE**

You are receiving this form because the Noticing Party listed above has alleged that you are violating California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 (Prop. 65).

**The Noticing Party may not bring any legal proceedings against you for the alleged violation checked below if:**

1. You have actually taken the corrective steps that you have certified in this form.
2. The Noticing Party has received this form at the address shown above, accurately completed by you, postmarked within 14 days of your receiving this notice.
3. The Noticing Party receives the required \$500 penalty payment from you at the address shown above postmarked within 30 days of your receiving this notice.
4. This is the first time you have submitted a Proof of Compliance for a violation arising from the same exposure in the same facility on the same premises.

**PART 1: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE NOTICING PARTY OR ATTORNEY FOR THE NOTICING PARTY**

The alleged violation is for an exposure to: (check one)

☐ Alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent on-site consumption is permitted by law.

☐ A chemical known to the state to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises for immediate consumption on or off premises to the extent: (1) the chemical was not intentionally added; and (2) the chemical was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination.

☐ Environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises.

☐ Chemicals known to the State to cause cancer or reproductive toxicity in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking noncommercial vehicles.

**IMPORTANT NOTES:**

1. You have no potential liability under California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 if your business has nine (9) or fewer employees.
2. Using this form will NOT prevent the Attorney General, a district attorney, a city attorney, or a prosecutor in whose jurisdiction the violation is alleged to have occurred from filing an action over the same alleged violations, and that in any such action, the amount of civil penalty shall be reduced to reflect any payment made at this time.

Date:

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Name of Noticing Party or attorney for Noticing Party:

Address:

Phone number:

**PART 2: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE ALLEGED VIOLATOR OR AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE**

**Certification of Compliance**

Accurate completion of this form will demonstrate that you are now in compliance with California Health and Safety Code §25249.6 for the alleged violation listed above. You must complete and submit the form below to the Noticing Party at the address shown above, postmarked within 14 days of you receiving this notice.

I hereby agree to pay, within 30 days of completion of this notice, a civil penalty of \$500 to the Noticing Party only and certify that I have complied with Health and Safety Code §25249.6 by (check only one of the following):

☐ Posting a warning or warnings about the alleged exposure that complies with the law, and attaching a copy of that warning and a photograph accurately showing its placement on my premises;

☐ Posting the warning or warnings demanded in writing by the Noticing Party, and attaching a copy of that warning and a photograph accurately showing its placement on my premises; OR

☐ Eliminating the alleged exposure, and attaching a statement accurately describing how the alleged exposure has been eliminated.

**Certification**

My statements on this form, and on any attachments to it, are true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief and are made in good faith. I have carefully read the instructions to complete this form. I understand that if I make a false statement on this form, I may be subject to additional penalties under the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65).

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of alleged violator or authorized representative      Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name and title of signatory

*FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...*

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at [P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov](mailto:P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov).

Revised: May 2014

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

**Ground Spices containing Lead**

**CERTIFICATE OF MERIT**

Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(d)

I, Reuben Yeroushalmi, hereby declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached sixty-day notice(s) in which it is alleged the party(s) identified in the notice(s) has violated Health and Safety Code section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.
2. I am the attorney for the noticing party.
3. I have consulted with at least one person with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who has reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the action.
4. Based on the information obtained through those consultations, and on all other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiffs' case can be established and the information did not prove that the alleged violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.
5. The copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General attaches to it factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in Health and Safety Code section 25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: 10/17/17

By: Reuben Yeroushalmi

## CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I am over the age of 18 and not a party to this case. I am a resident of or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. My business address is 9100 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 240W, Beverly Hills, CA 90212.

ON THE DATE SHOWN BELOW, I SERVED THE FOLLOWING:

- 1) 60-Day Notice of Intent to Sue Under Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6
- 2) Certificate of Merit: Health and Safety Code Section 25249.7(d)
- 3) Certificate of Merit (Attorney General Copy): Factual information sufficient to establish the basis of the certificate of merit (*only sent to Attorney General*)
- 4) The Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): A Summary

by enclosing copies of the same in a sealed envelope, along with an unsigned copy of this declaration, addressed to each person shown below and depositing the envelope in the U.S. mail with the postage fully prepaid. Place of Mailing: Beverly Hills, CA

### Name and address of each party to whom documents were mailed:

Current President/CEO  
Marshalls of MA, Inc.  
818 W 7<sup>th</sup> St. Ste 930  
Los Angeles, CA 90017

Current President/CEO  
Marshalls of MA, Inc.  
The TJX Companies, Inc.  
Marmaxx Operating Corp.  
770 Cochituate Road  
Framingham, MA 01701

Current President/CEO  
Marshalls of CA, Inc.  
3008 Ming Ave.  
Bakersfield, CA 93304

Current President/CEO  
The Spice Lab Inc.  
DVC Industries  
3181 W McNab Rd  
Pompano Beach, FL 33069

Jennifer L. Cramer  
Or Current President/CEO  
The Spice Lab, Inc.  
2620 NE 37 Street  
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33308

Current President/CEO  
DVC Industries, Inc.  
4000 N. Dixie Highway ste 100  
Pompano Beach, FL 33064

John P. Miller  
DVC Industries  
2499 Glades Road Suite 304  
Boca Raton, FL 33431

Charlee L. Miska, Esq.  
Registered Agent  
DVC Industries  
14 East Bay Street  
Jacksonville, FL 32202

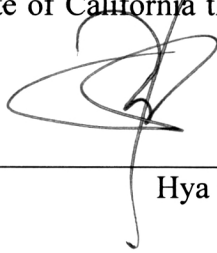
### Name and address of each public prosecutor to whom documents were mailed:

|                       |
|-----------------------|
| See Distribution List |
|-----------------------|

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date of Mailing: 10-23-2017

By: \_\_\_\_\_

  
Hya Gingoyon

## Distribution List

|                                                                                             |                                                                                                           |                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Alameda County District Attorney<br>1225 Fallon St, Room 900<br>Oakland, CA 94612           | Los Angeles County District Attorney<br>210 W Temple St, 18th Floor<br>Los Angeles, CA 90012              | Mono County District Attorney<br>PO Box 617<br>Bridgeport, CA 93517                                    |
| Alpine County District Attorney<br>PO Box 248<br>Markleeville, CA 96120                     | Madera County District Attorney<br>209 W Yosemite Ave<br>Madera, CA 93637                                 | San Joaquin County District Attorney<br>PO Box 990<br>Stockton, CA 95201 -0990                         |
| Amador County District Attorney<br>708 Court, Suite 202<br>Jackson, CA 95642                | Mariposa County District Attorney<br>P.O. Box 730<br>Mariposa, CA 95338                                   | San Francisco County District Attorney<br>850 Bryant St, Rm 322<br>San Francisco, CA 94103             |
| Butte County District Attorney<br>25 County Center Dr.<br>Oroville, CA 95965-3385           | Marin County District Attorney<br>3501 Civic Center Drive, #130<br>San Rafael, CA 94903                   | San Diego County District Attorney<br>330 W. Broadway, Ste 1300<br>San Diego, CA 92101-3803            |
| Calaveras County District Attorney<br>891 Mountain Ranch Road<br>San Andreas, CA 95249      | Mendocino County District Attorney<br>P.O. Box 1000<br>Ukiah, CA 95482                                    | San Bernardino County District Attorney<br>316 N Mountain View Ave<br>San Bernardino, CA 92415-0004    |
| Office of the Attorney General<br>P.O. Box 70550<br>Oakland, CA 94612-0550                  | Los Angeles City Attorney<br>200 N Main St Ste 1800<br>Los Angeles CA 90012                               | San Francisco City Attorney<br># 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place, Suite 234<br>San Francisco, CA 94102 |
| Colusa County District Attorney<br>346 5th Street, Suite 101<br>Colusa, CA 95932            | Inyo County District Attorney<br>P.O. Drawer D<br>Independence, CA 93526                                  | Placer County District Attorney<br>10810 Justice Center Drive<br>Suite 240<br>Roseville, CA 95678-6231 |
| Contra Costa County District Attorney<br>725 Court St., Room 402<br>Martinez, CA 94553      | Orange County District Attorney<br>PO Box 808<br>Santa Ana, CA 92702                                      | Merced County District Attorney<br>650 W. 20th Street<br>Merced, CA 95340                              |
| Del Norte County District Attorney<br>450 "H" St.<br>Crescent City, CA 95531                | Nevada County District Attorney<br>201 Commercial Street<br>Nevada City, CA 95959                         | Napa County District Attorney<br>931 Parkway Mall<br>Napa, CA 94559                                    |
| El Dorado County District Attorney<br>515 Main St.<br>Placerville, CA 95667-5697            | Plumas County District Attorney<br>520 Main Street, Rm 404<br>Quincy, CA 95971                            | Riverside County District Attorney<br>3960 Orange Street<br>Riverside, CA 92501                        |
| Fresno County District Attorney<br>2220 Tulare St, Ste. 1000<br>Fresno, CA 93721            | Sacramento County District Attorney<br>901 G Street<br>Sacramento, CA 95814                               | San Benito County District Attorney<br>419 4th St<br>Hollister, CA 95023                               |
| Glenn County District Attorney<br>PO Box 430<br>Willows, CA 95988                           | San Luis Obispo County District Attorney<br>County Government Center, Rm 450<br>San Luis Obispo, CA 93408 | Siskiyou County District Attorney<br>PO Box 986<br>Yreka, CA 96097                                     |
| Humboldt County District Attorney<br>825 5th St., 4th Floor<br>Eureka, CA 95501             | San Mateo County District Attorney<br>400 County Center<br>Redwood City, CA 94063                         | Solano County District Attorney<br>600 Union Ave<br>Fairfield, CA 94533                                |
| Imperial County District Attorney<br>939 W. Main St., 2nd Floor<br>El Centro, CA 92243-2860 | Santa Barbara County District Attorney<br>1112 Santa Barbara St.<br>Santa Barbara, CA 93101               | Sonoma County District Attorney<br>600 Administration Dr.,<br>Rm 212-J<br>Santa Rosa, CA 95403         |
| Kern County District Attorney<br>1215 Truxtun Ave.<br>Bakersfield, CA 93301                 | Santa Clara County District Attorney<br>70 W Hedding St.<br>San Jose, CA 95110                            | Shasta County District Attorney<br>1355 West Street<br>Redding, CA 96001                               |
| Kings County District Attorney<br>Gov't Ctr, 1400 W Lacey Blvd<br>Hanford, CA 93230         | Santa Cruz County District Attorney<br>701 Ocean Street, Rm. 200<br>Santa Cruz, CA 95060                  | Sierra County District Attorney<br>PO Box 457<br>Downieville, CA 95936-0457                            |
| Lake County District Attorney<br>255 N Forbes St<br>Lakeport, CA 95453-4790                 | Stanislaus County District Attorney<br>PO Box 442<br>Modesto, CA 95353                                    | Trinity County District Attorney<br>PO Box 310<br>Weaverville, CA 96093                                |
| Modoc County District Attorney<br>204 S. Court Street<br>Alturas, CA 96101-4020             | Sutter County District Attorney<br>446 Second Street<br>Yuba City, CA 95991                               | Yuba County District Attorney<br>215 5th St<br>Marysville, CA 95901                                    |
| San Diego City Attorney<br>City Center Plaza<br>1200 3rd Ave # 1100<br>San Diego, CA 92101  | Lassen County District Attorney<br>200 S Lassen St, Suite 8<br>Susanville, CA 96130                       | Monterey County District Attorney<br>PO Box 1131<br>Salinas, CA 93902                                  |
| Tuolumne County District Attorney<br>2 S Green St<br>Sonora, CA 95370                       | Tulare County District Attorney<br>County Civic Center, Rm 224<br>Visalia, CA 93291                       | Yolo County District Attorney<br>310 Second St<br>Woodland, CA 95695                                   |
| Ventura County District Attorney<br>800 S Victoria Ave<br>Ventura, CA 93009                 | Tehama County District Attorney<br>P.O. Box 519<br>Red Bluff, CA 96080                                    | San Jose City Attorney<br>151 W. Mission St.<br>San Jose, CA 95110                                     |