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16 **SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**
17 **COUNTY OF ALAMEDA**

18 **ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH**
19 **CENTER, INC., a California non-profit**
20 **corporation**

21 **Plaintiff,**

22 **vs.**

23 **FNX SPORT L.L.C. and DOES 1-100**

24 **Defendants.**

25 **CASE NO. 22CV007993**

26 **STIPULATED CONSENT**
27 **JUDGMENT**

28 Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 *et seq.*

Action Filed: March 4, 2022

Trial Date: None set

1 **1. INTRODUCTION**

2 **1.1** On March 4, 2022, Plaintiff Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”), a
3 non-profit corporation, as a private enforcer and in the public interest, initiated this action by
4 filing a Complaint for Injunctive and Declaratory Relief and Civil Penalties (the “Complaint”)
5 pursuant to the provisions of California Health and Safety Code section 25249.5 *et seq.*
6 (“Proposition 65”), against FNX Sport L.L.C. (“FNX Sport”) and Does 1-100. In this action,

1 ERC alleges that a number of products manufactured, distributed, or sold by FNX Sport
2 contain lead and/or cadmium and/or mercury, chemicals listed under Proposition 65 as
3 carcinogens and reproductive toxins, and expose consumers to these chemicals at a level
4 requiring a Proposition 65 warning. These products (referred to hereinafter individually as a
5 “Covered Product” or collectively as “Covered Products”) are: (1) FNX Rebalance Super
6 Greens Unicorn Punch (lead), (2) FNX Rebalance Super Greens Strawberry Dragonfruit (lead),
7 (3) FNX Restart AM Protein Blend Chocolate Donut (lead), (4) FNX Refuel Whey Protein
8 Blend Mint Chocolate Truffle (lead), (5) FNX Refuel Whey Protein Blend Chocolate Malt
9 (lead), (6) FNX Refuel Whey Protein Blend Peanut Butter Cup (lead), (7) FNX Resilience
10 Collagen Protein Brownie Batter (lead, cadmium, mercury), (8) FNX Refuel Whey Protein
11 Blend Mint Chocolate Chip (lead), (9) FNX Immune + Complex Science Driven Immune
12 Booster (lead), (10) FNX Reform Vegan Protein Vegan Vanilla (lead), and (11) FNX
13 Resilience Collagen Protein Pink Berry (mercury).

14 **1.2** ERC and FNX Sport are hereinafter referred to individually as a “Party” or
15 collectively as the “Parties.”

16 **1.3** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the Parties agree that ERC is a 501(c)(3)
17 California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the
18 public from health hazards by reducing the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals,
19 facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate
20 responsibility.

21 **1.4** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the Parties agree that FNX Sport is a
22 business entity that has employed ten or more persons at all times relevant to this action, and
23 qualifies as a “person in the course of doing business” within the meaning of Proposition 65. FNX
24 Sport manufactures, distributes, and/or sells the Covered Products.

25 **1.5** The Complaint is based on allegations contained in ERC’s Notices of Violation
26 dated December 23, 2021, December 31, 2021, and January 6, 2022 that were served on the
27 California Attorney General, other public enforcers, and FNX Sport (“Notices”). True and
28 correct copies of the 60-Day Notices dated December 23, 2021, December 31, 2021, and

1 January 6, 2022 are attached hereto as *Exhibits A, B, and C* and each is incorporated herein by
2 reference. More than 60 days have passed since the Notices were served on the Attorney
3 General, public enforcers, and FNX Sport and no designated governmental entity has filed a
4 Complaint against FNX Sport with regard to the Covered Products or the alleged violations.

5 **1.6** ERC's Notices and Complaint allege that use of the Covered Products by
6 California consumers exposes them to lead and/or cadmium and/or mercury without first
7 receiving clear and reasonable warnings from FNX Sport, which allegedly violates California
8 Health and Safety Code section 25249.6. FNX Sport denies all material allegations contained in
9 the Notices and Complaint.

10 **1.7** The Parties have entered into this Consent Judgment in order to settle,
11 compromise, and resolve disputed claims and thus avoid prolonged and costly litigation.
12 Nothing in this Consent Judgment nor compliance with this Consent Judgment shall constitute
13 or be construed as an admission by any of the Parties or by any of their respective officers,
14 directors, shareholders, employees, agents, parent companies, subsidiaries, divisions,
15 franchisees, licensees, customers, suppliers, distributors, wholesalers, or retailers of any fact,
16 issue of law, or violation of law.

17 **1.8** Except as expressly set forth herein, nothing in this Consent Judgment shall
18 prejudice, waive, or impair any right, remedy, argument, or defense the Parties may have in
19 any current or future legal proceeding unrelated to these proceedings.

20 **1.9** The Effective Date of this Consent Judgment is the date on which it is entered
21 as a Judgment by this Court.

22 **2. JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

23 For purposes of this Consent Judgment and any further court action that may become
24 necessary to enforce this Consent Judgment, the Parties stipulate that this Court has subject matter
25 jurisdiction over the allegations of violations contained in the Complaint and personal jurisdiction
26 over FNX Sport as to the acts alleged in the Complaint, that venue is proper in Alameda County,
27 and that this Court has jurisdiction to enter this Consent Judgment as a full and final resolution of
28 all claims up through and including the Effective Date that were or could have been asserted in

1 this action based on the facts alleged in the Notices and Complaint.

2 **3. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, REFORMULATION, TESTING AND WARNINGS**

3 **3.1** Beginning on the Effective Date, FNX Sport shall be permanently enjoined
4 from California Sales (as defined in Section 3.1.1. below) of any Covered Product that exposes
5 a person to a “Daily Lead Exposure Level” of more than 0.5 micrograms of lead per day and/or
6 and/or “Daily Cadmium Exposure Level” of more than 4.1 micrograms of cadmium per day
7 and/or “Daily Mercury Exposure Level” of more than 0.3 micrograms of mercury per day
8 unless it meets the warning requirements under Section 3.2.

9 **3.1.1** As used in this Consent Judgment, the term “California Sales” shall
10 mean to directly sell a Covered Product in the State of California, to directly ship a Covered
11 Product into California for sale in California, or to sell a Covered Product to a distributor that
12 FNX Sport knows or has reason to know will sell the Covered Product in California.

13 **3.1.2** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the “Daily Lead Exposure
14 Level” shall be measured in micrograms, and shall be calculated using the following formula:
15 micrograms of lead per gram of product, multiplied by grams of product per serving of the
16 product (using the largest serving size appearing on the product label), multiplied by servings
17 of the product per day (using the largest number of recommended daily servings appearing on
18 the label), which equals micrograms of lead exposure per day. If the label contains no
19 recommended daily servings, then the number of recommended daily servings shall be one.

20 **3.1.3** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the “Daily Cadmium Exposure
21 Level” shall be measured in micrograms, and shall be calculated using the following formula:
22 micrograms of cadmium per gram of product, multiplied by grams of product per serving of
23 the product (using the largest serving size appearing on the product label), multiplied by
24 servings of the product per day (using the largest number of recommended daily servings
25 appearing on the label), which equals micrograms of cadmium exposure per day. If the label
26 contains no recommended daily servings, then the number of recommended daily servings
27 shall be one.

28 **3.1.4** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the “Daily Mercury Exposure

1 Level” shall be measured in micrograms, and shall be calculated using the following formula:
2 micrograms of mercury per gram of product, multiplied by grams of product per serving of the
3 product (using the largest serving size appearing on the product label), multiplied by servings
4 of the product per day (using the largest number of recommended daily servings appearing on
5 the label), which equals micrograms of mercury exposure per day. If the label contains no
6 recommended daily servings, then the number of recommended daily servings shall be one.

7 **3.2 Clear and Reasonable Warnings**

8 If FNX Sport engages in California Sales of a Covered Product after the Effective Date, it
9 shall provide a warning pursuant to Section 3.1 as follows: (“Warning”):

10 **WARNING:** Consuming this product can expose you to chemicals including [lead] [and]
11 [cadmium][and][mercury] which is [are] known to the State of California to cause [cancer
12 and] birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to
www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/food.

13 FNX Sport shall use the phrase “cancer and” in the Warning if FNX Sport has reason to
14 believe that the “Daily Lead Exposure Level” is greater than 15 micrograms of lead or if FNX
15 Sport has reason to believe that another Proposition 65 chemical is present which may require a
16 cancer warning. As identified in the brackets, the warning shall appropriately reflect whether there
17 is lead, cadmium, mercury, or multiple chemicals present in each of the Covered Products.

18 The Warning shall be securely affixed to or printed upon the label of each Covered
19 Product distributed or delivered to or within California and it must be set off from other
20 surrounding information and enclosed in a box. In addition, for any Covered Product sold over
21 the internet to consumers or entities in California, the Warning shall appear on the checkout
22 page when a California delivery address is indicated for any purchase of any Covered Product.
23 An asterisk or other identifying method must be utilized to identify which products on the
24 checkout page are subject to the Warning. In no event shall any internet or website Warning
25 be contained in or made through a link.

26 The Warning shall be at least the same size as the largest of any other health or safety
27 warnings also appearing on the website or on the label and the word “**WARNING**” shall be in all
28 capital letters and in bold print. No statements intended to or likely to have the effect of

1 diminishing the impact of the Warning on the average lay person shall accompany the Warning.
2 Further no statements may accompany the Warning that state or imply that the source of the listed
3 chemical has an impact on or results in a less harmful effect of the listed chemical.

4 FNX Sport must display the above Warning with such conspicuousness, as compared with
5 other words, statements or designs on the label, or on its website, if applicable, to render the
6 Warning likely to be read and understood by an ordinary individual under customary conditions
7 of purchase or use of the product.

8 For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the term “label” means a display of written,
9 printed or graphic material that is printed on or affixed to a Covered Product or its immediate
10 container or wrapper.

11 **3.3 Conforming Covered Products**

12 A Conforming Covered Product is a Covered Product for which the “Daily Lead Exposure
13 Level” is no greater than 0.5 micrograms of lead per day and/or the “Daily Cadmium Exposure
14 Level” is no greater than 4.1 micrograms of cadmium per day and/or the “Daily Mercury
15 Exposure Level” is no greater than 0.3 micrograms of mercury per day as determined by the
16 exposure methodologies set forth in Section 3.1 and the quality control methodology described in
17 Section 3.4, and that is not known by FNX Sport to contain other chemicals that violate
18 Proposition 65’s safe harbor thresholds.

19 **3.4 Testing and Quality Control Methodology**

20 **3.4.1** In the event that FNX Sport engages in California Sales of a Covered
21 Product, beginning within one year of the Effective Date or the date that FNX engages in
22 California Sales if that date is later than the Effective Date, FNX Sport shall arrange for lead,
23 cadmium, and mercury testing of the Covered Products at least once a year for a minimum of
24 five consecutive years by arranging for testing of three (3) randomly selected samples of each
25 of the Covered Products, in the form intended for sale to the end-user in California If tests
26 conducted pursuant to this Section demonstrate that no Warning is required for a Covered
27 Product during each of five consecutive years, then the testing requirements of this Section will
28 no longer be required as to that Covered Product. However, if during or after the five-year

1 testing period, FNX Sport changes ingredient suppliers for any of the Covered Products and/or
2 reformulates any of the Covered Products, FNX Sport shall test that Covered Product annually
3 for at least four (4) consecutive years after such change is made.

4 **3.4.2** For purposes of measuring the “Daily Lead Exposure Level” and/or the
5 “Daily Cadmium Exposure Level” and/or the “Daily Mercury Exposure Level,” the highest
6 lead and/or cadmium and/or mercury detection result of the three (3) randomly selected
7 samples of the Covered Products will be controlling.

8 **3.4.3** All testing pursuant to this Consent Judgment shall be performed using a
9 laboratory method that complies with the performance and quality control factors appropriate
10 for the method used, including limit of detection and limit of quantification, sensitivity,
11 accuracy and precision that meets the following criteria: Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass
12 Spectrometry (“ICP-MS”) achieving a limit of quantification of less than or equal to 0.005
13 mg/kg.

14 **3.4.4** In the event that FNX Sport engages in California Sales of a Covered
15 Product, its testing pursuant to this Consent Judgment shall be performed by an independent
16 third party laboratory certified by the California Environmental Laboratory Accreditation
17 Program or an independent third-party laboratory that is registered with the United States Food
18 & Drug Administration.

19 **3.4.5** Nothing in this Consent Judgment shall limit FNX Sport’s ability to
20 conduct, or require that others conduct, additional testing of the Covered Products, including
21 the raw materials used in their manufacture

22 **3.4.6** In the event that FNX Sport engages in California Sales of a Covered
23 Product, within thirty (30) days of ERC’s written request, FNX Sport shall deliver lab reports
24 obtained pursuant to Section 3.4 to ERC. FNX Sport shall retain all test results and
25 documentation for a period of five years from the date of each test.

26 **3.4.7** The testing and reporting requirements of Section 3.4 do not apply to
27 any Covered Product for which FNX Sport is providing a Warning, continuously and without
28 interruption from the Effective Date, pursuant to Section 3.2 of this Consent Judgment. In the

1 event a Warning is provided after the Effective Date but FNX Sport thereafter ceases to
2 provide the Warning, the testing and reporting requirements of Section 3.4 of this Consent
3 Judgment shall apply beginning within one year after the date the Warning ceases to be
4 provided, unless FNX Sport can show to the satisfaction of ERC that the cessation in providing
5 the Warning was a temporary error that was resolved when discovered.

6 **3.4.8** In the event that Proposition 65 is repealed, preempted, or is otherwise
7 rendered inapplicable to the Covered Products by reason of a change of the Proposition 65
8 implementing regulations or as reflected in a new Final Statement of Reasons from the Office of
9 Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (“OEHHA”), , FNX Sport may provide written notice
10 to ERC of any asserted change in the law, and shall have no further obligations pursuant to this
11 Consent Judgment with respect to, and to the extent that, the Covered Products are so affected.

12 **4. SETTLEMENT PAYMENT**

13 **4.1** In full satisfaction of all potential civil penalties, additional settlement
14 payments, attorney’s fees, and costs, FNX Sport shall make a total payment of \$100,000.00
15 (“Total Settlement Amount”) to ERC within 5 days of the Effective Date (“Due Date”). FNX
16 Sport shall make this payment by wire transfer to ERC’s account, for which ERC will give
17 FNX Sport the necessary account information. The Total Settlement Amount shall be
18 apportioned as follows:

19 **4.2** \$28,000.00 shall be considered a civil penalty pursuant to California Health and
20 Safety Code section 25249.7(b)(1). ERC shall remit 75% (\$21,000.00) of the civil penalty to
21 the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (“OEHHA”) for deposit in the Safe
22 Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Fund in accordance with California Health and Safety
23 Code section 25249.12(c). ERC will retain the remaining 25% (\$7,000.00) of the civil penalty.

24 **4.3** \$9,283.88 shall be distributed to ERC as reimbursement to ERC for reasonable
25 costs incurred in bringing this action.

26 **4.4** \$62,716.12 shall be distributed to ERC for its in-house legal fees. Except as
27 explicitly provided herein, each Party shall bear its own fees and costs.

28 **4.6** In the event that FNX Sport fails to remit the Total Settlement Amount owed

1 under Section 4 of this Consent Judgment on or before the Due Date, FNX Sport shall be
2 deemed to be in material breach of its obligations under this Consent Judgment. ERC shall
3 provide written notice of the delinquency to FNX Sport via electronic mail. If FNX Sport fails
4 to deliver the Total Settlement Amount within five (5) days from the written notice, the Total
5 Settlement Amount shall accrue interest at the statutory judgment interest rate provided in the
6 California Code of Civil Procedure section 685.010. Additionally, FNX Sport agrees to pay
7 ERC's reasonable attorney's fees and costs for any efforts to collect the payment due under
8 this Consent Judgment.

9 **5. MODIFICATION OF CONSENT JUDGMENT**

10 **5.1** This Consent Judgment may be modified only as to injunctive terms by written
11 stipulation of the Parties and upon entry by the Court of a modified consent judgment.

12 **5.2** If FNX Sport seeks to modify this Consent Judgment under Section 5.1, then
13 FNX Sport must provide written notice to ERC of its intent ("Notice of Intent"). If ERC seeks
14 to meet and confer regarding the proposed modification in the Notice of Intent, then ERC must
15 provide written notice to FNX Sport within thirty (30) days of receiving the Notice of Intent. If
16 ERC notifies FNX Sport in a timely manner of ERC's intent to meet and confer, then the
17 Parties shall meet and confer in good faith as required in this Section. The Parties shall meet in
18 person or via telephone within thirty (30) days of ERC's notification of its intent to meet and
19 confer. Within thirty (30) days of such meeting, if ERC disputes the proposed modification,
20 ERC shall provide to FNX Sport a written basis for its position. The Parties shall continue to
21 meet and confer for an additional thirty (30) days in an effort to resolve any remaining
22 disputes. Should it become necessary, the Parties may agree in writing to different deadlines
23 for the meet-and-confer period.

24 **6. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION, ENFORCEMENT OF CONSENT** 25 **JUDGMENT**

26 **6.1** This Court shall retain jurisdiction of this matter to enforce, modify, or
27 terminate this Consent Judgment.

28 **6.2** If ERC alleges that any Covered Product fails to qualify as a Conforming

1 Covered Product (for which ERC alleges that no Warning has been provided), then ERC shall
2 inform FNX Sport in a reasonably prompt manner of its allegation and shall provide
3 information sufficient to permit FNX Sport to identify the Covered Products at issue. ERC shall
4 not be required to provide FNX Sport with its test results unless FNX Sport agrees to promptly
5 provide ERC with testing information, from an independent third-party laboratory meeting the
6 requirements of Sections 3.4.3 and 3.4.4, demonstrating FNX Sport's compliance with the
7 Consent Judgment. The Parties shall first attempt to resolve the matter prior to ERC taking any
8 further legal action.

9 **7. APPLICATION OF CONSENT JUDGMENT**

10 This Consent Judgment may apply to, be binding upon, and benefit the Parties and their
11 respective officers, directors, shareholders, employees, agents, parent companies, subsidiaries,
12 divisions, franchisees, licensees, customers (excluding private labelers), distributors, wholesalers,
13 retailers, predecessors, successors, and assigns. This Consent Judgment shall have no application
14 to any Covered Product that is distributed or sold exclusively outside the State of California and
15 that is not used by California consumers.

16 **8. BINDING EFFECT, CLAIMS COVERED AND RELEASED**

17 **8.1** This Consent Judgment is a full, final, and binding resolution between ERC,
18 on behalf of itself and in the public interest, and FNX Sport and its respective officers,
19 directors, shareholders, employees, agents, parent companies, subsidiaries, divisions, suppliers,
20 franchisees, licensees, customers (not including private label customers of FNX Sport),
21 distributors, wholesalers, retailers, and all other upstream and downstream entities in the
22 distribution chain of any Covered Product, and the predecessors, successors, and assigns of any
23 of them (collectively, "Released Parties").

24 **8.2** ERC, acting in the public interest, releases the Released Parties from any
25 and all claims for violations of Proposition 65 up through the Effective Date based on exposure
26 to lead and/or cadmium and/or mercury from the Covered Products as set forth in the Notices
27 of Violation. ERC, on behalf of itself only, hereby fully releases and discharges the Released
28 Parties from any and all claims, actions, causes of action, suits, demands, liabilities, damages,

1 penalties, fees, costs, and expenses asserted, or that could have been asserted from the
2 handling, use, or consumption of the Covered Products, as to any alleged violation of
3 Proposition 65 or its implementing regulations arising from the failure to provide Proposition
4 65 warnings on the Covered Products regarding lead and/or cadmium and/or mercury up to and
5 including the Effective Date.

6 **8.3** ERC on its own behalf only, and FNX Sport on its own behalf only, further
7 waive and release any and all claims they may have against each other for all actions or
8 statements made or undertaken in the course of seeking or opposing enforcement of
9 Proposition 65 in connection with the Notices and Complaint up through and including the
10 Effective Date, provided, however, that nothing in Section 8 shall affect or limit any Party's
11 right to seek to enforce the terms of this Consent Judgment.

12 **8.4** It is possible that other claims not known to the Parties, arising out of the facts
13 alleged in the Notices and Complaint, and relating to the Covered Products, will develop or be
14 discovered. ERC on behalf of itself only, and FNX Sport on behalf of itself only, acknowledge
15 that this Consent Judgment is expressly intended to cover and include all such claims up
16 through and including the Effective Date, including all rights of action therefore. ERC and
17 FNX Sport acknowledge that the claims released in Sections 8.2 and 8.3 above may include
18 unknown claims, and nevertheless waive California Civil Code section 1542 as to any such
19 unknown claims. California Civil Code section 1542 reads as follows:

20 A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE
21 CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO
22 EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE
23 AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY
AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED
PARTY.

24 ERC on behalf of itself only, and FNX Sport on behalf of itself only, acknowledge and
25 understand the significance and consequences of this specific waiver of California Civil Code
26 section 1542.

27 **8.5** Compliance with the terms of this Consent Judgment shall be deemed to
28 constitute compliance with Proposition 65 by any of the Released Parties regarding alleged

1 exposures to lead and/or cadmium and/or mercury in the Covered Products as set forth in the
2 Notices and Complaint.

3 **8.6** Nothing in this Consent Judgment is intended to apply to any occupational or
4 environmental exposures arising under Proposition 65, nor shall it apply to any of FNX Sport's
5 products other than the Covered Products.

6 **9. SEVERABILITY OF UNENFORCEABLE PROVISIONS**

7 In the event that any of the provisions of this Consent Judgment are held by a court to be
8 unenforceable, the validity of the remaining enforceable provisions shall not be adversely
9 affected.

10 **10. GOVERNING LAW**

11 The terms and conditions of this Consent Judgment shall be governed by and construed in
12 accordance with the laws of the State of California.

13 **11. PROVISION OF NOTICE**

14 All notices required to be given to either Party to this Consent Judgment by the other shall
15 be in writing and sent to the following agents listed below via first-class mail or via electronic
16 mail where required. Courtesy copies via email may also be sent.

17 **FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER, INC.:**

18 Chris Heptinstall, Executive Director, Environmental Research Center
19 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400
20 San Diego, CA 92108
21 Ph: (619) 500-3090
22 Email: chris.heptinstall@erc501c3.org

23 ///

24 With a copy to:
25 Charles W. Poss
26 Environmental Research Center, Inc.
27 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400
28 San Diego, CA 92108
Ph: (619) 500-3090
Email: charles.poss@erc501c3.org

FNX SPORT L.L.C.
Timothy Farnes

1 1075 S. 500 W.
2 Bountiful, UT 84010
3 Ph: (801) 808-9928
4 Email: tim@fnxfit.com

5 With a copy to:
6 Kent J. Schmidt
7 Dorsey & Whitney LLP
8 600 Anton Boulevard, Suite 2000
9 Costa Mesa, CA 92626
10 Ph: (714) 800-1400
11 Email: schmidt.kent@dorsey.com

12 and

13 Paul P. Burghardt
14 GC Associates Law
15 Ph: (801) 413-9943
16 Email: paul@gcassociateslaw.com

17 **12. COURT APPROVAL**

18 **12.1** Upon execution of this Consent Judgment by the Parties, ERC shall notice a
19 Motion for Court Approval. The Parties shall use their best efforts to support entry of this
20 Consent Judgment.

21 **12.2** If the California Attorney General objects to any term in this Consent Judgment,
22 the Parties shall use their best efforts to resolve the concern in a timely manner, and if possible
23 prior to the hearing on the motion.

24 **12.3** If this Stipulated Consent Judgment is not approved by the Court, it shall be
25 void and have no force or effect.

26 **13. EXECUTION AND COUNTERPARTS**

27 This Consent Judgment may be executed in counterparts, which taken together shall be
28 deemed to constitute one document. A facsimile or .pdf signature shall be construed to be as valid
as the original signature.

14. DRAFTING

The terms of this Consent Judgment have been reviewed by the respective counsel for
each Party prior to its signing, and each Party has had an opportunity to fully discuss the terms

1 and conditions with legal counsel. The Parties agree that, in any subsequent interpretation and
2 construction of this Consent Judgment, no inference, assumption, or presumption shall be drawn,
3 and no provision of this Consent Judgment shall be construed against any Party, based on the fact
4 that one of the Parties and/or one of the Parties' legal counsel prepared and/or drafted all or any
5 portion of the Consent Judgment. It is conclusively presumed that all of the Parties participated
6 equally in the preparation and drafting of this Consent Judgment.

7 **15. GOOD FAITH ATTEMPT TO RESOLVE DISPUTES**

8 If a dispute arises with respect to either Party's compliance with the terms of this Consent
9 Judgment entered by the Court, the Parties shall meet and confer in person, by telephone, and/or
10 in writing and endeavor to resolve the dispute in an amicable manner. No action or motion may
11 be filed in the absence of such a good faith attempt to resolve the dispute beforehand.

12 **16. ENFORCEMENT**

13 ERC may, by motion or order to show cause before the Superior Court of Alameda
14 County, enforce the terms and conditions contained in this Consent Judgment. In any action
15 brought by ERC to enforce this Consent Judgment, ERC may seek whatever fines, costs,
16 penalties, or remedies as are provided by law for failure to comply with the Consent Judgment.
17 To the extent the failure to comply with the Consent Judgment constitutes a violation of
18 Proposition 65 or other laws, ERC shall not be limited to enforcement of this Consent
19 Judgment, but may seek in another action whatever fines, costs, penalties, or remedies as are
20 provided by law for failure to comply with Proposition 65 or other laws.

21 ///

22 **17. ENTIRE AGREEMENT, AUTHORIZATION**

23 **17.1** This Consent Judgment contains the sole and entire agreement and
24 understanding of the Parties with respect to the entire subject matter herein, including any and
25 all prior discussions, negotiations, commitments, and understandings related thereto. No
26 representations, oral or otherwise, express or implied, other than those contained herein have
27 been made by any Party. No other agreements, oral or otherwise, unless specifically referred to
28 herein, shall be deemed to exist or to bind any Party.

1 **17.2** Each signatory to this Consent Judgment certifies that he or she is fully
2 authorized by the Party he or she represents to stipulate to this Consent Judgment.

3 **18. REQUEST FOR FINDINGS, APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AND ENTRY OF**
4 **CONSENT JUDGMENT**

5 This Consent Judgment has come before the Court upon the request of the Parties. The
6 Parties request the Court to fully review this Consent Judgment and, being fully informed
7 regarding the matters which are the subject of this action, to:

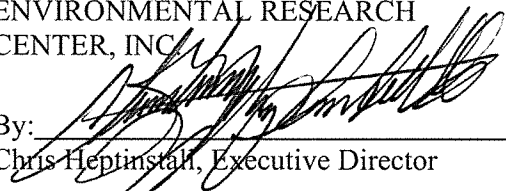
8 (1) Find that the terms and provisions of this Consent Judgment represent a fair and
9 equitable settlement of all matters raised by the allegations of the Complaint that the matter has
10 been diligently prosecuted, and that the public interest is served by such settlement; and

11 (2) Make the findings pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section
12 25249.7(f)(4), approve the Settlement, and approve this Consent Judgment.

13 **IT IS SO STIPULATED:**

14
15 Dated: 1/12/, 2023

ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
CENTER, INC.

16
17 By: 
18 Chris Heptinstall, Executive Director


19 ///

20 ///

21 ///

22 Dated: January 11, 2023

FNX SPORT L.L.C.


23
24 
25 By: Timothy Farnes
26 Its: President

27 **APPROVED AS TO FORM:**

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2
3
4
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Dated: January 12, 2023

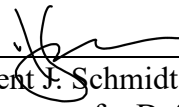
ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
CENTER, INC.

By: 

Charles W. Poss
In-House Counsel

Dated: January 12, 2023

DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP

By: 

Kent J. Schmidt
Attorney for Defendant FNX Sport L.L.C.

ORDER AND JUDGMENT

Based upon the Parties’ Stipulation, and good cause appearing, this Consent Judgment is approved and Judgment is hereby entered according to its terms.

IT IS SO ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED.

Dated: _____, 2023 _____
Judge of the Superior Court

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EXHIBIT A



Environmental Research Center

3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400
San Diego, CA 92108
619-500-3090

December 23, 2021

NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE SECTION 25249.5 *ET SEQ.* (PROPOSITION 65)

Dear Alleged Violator and the Appropriate Public Enforcement Agencies:

I am the Executive Director of Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”). ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

ERC has identified violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (“Proposition 65”), which is codified at California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*, with respect to the products identified below. These violations have occurred and continue to occur because the alleged Violator identified below failed to provide required clear and reasonable warnings with these products. This letter serves as a notice of these violations to the alleged Violator and the appropriate public enforcement agencies. Pursuant to Section 25249.7(d) of the statute, ERC intends to file a private enforcement action in the public interest 60 days after effective service of this notice unless the public enforcement agencies have commenced and are diligently prosecuting an action to rectify these violations.

General Information about Proposition 65. A copy of a summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is attached with the copy of this letter served to the alleged Violator identified below.

Alleged Violator. The name of the company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violator”) is:

FNX Sport L.L.C.

Consumer Products and Listed Chemical. The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemical in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- 1. FNX Rebalance Super Greens Unicorn Punch - Lead**
- 2. FNX Rebalance Super Greens Strawberry Dragonfruit- Lead**
- 3. FNX Restart AM Protein Blend Chocolate Donut - Lead**
- 4. FNX Refuel Whey Protein Blend Mint Chocolate Truffle – Lead**
- 5. FNX Refuel Whey Protein Blend Chocolate Malt- Lead**

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

It should be noted that ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations and result in subsequent notices of violations.

Route of Exposure. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products. Consequently, the route of exposure to this chemical has been and continues to be through ingestion.

Approximate Time Period of Violations. Ongoing violations have occurred every day since at least December 23, 2018, as well as every day since the products were introduced into the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users or until this known toxic chemical is either removed from or reduced to allowable levels in the products. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to the identified chemical. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide persons ingesting these products with appropriate warnings that they are being exposed to this chemical.

Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and a desire to have these ongoing violations of California law quickly rectified, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution of this matter that includes an enforceable written agreement by the Violator to: (1) reformulate the identified products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemical, or provide appropriate warnings on the labels of these products; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Such a resolution will prevent further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemical, as well as an expensive and time-consuming litigation.

Please direct all questions concerning this notice to ERC at the above listed address and telephone number.

Sincerely,



Chris Heptinstall
Executive Director
Environmental Research Center

Attachments

- Certificate of Merit
- Certificate of Service
- OEHHA Summary (to FNX Sport L.L.C. and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)
- Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.'s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by FNX Sport L.L.C.

I, Chris Heptinstall, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached 60-day notice in which it is alleged the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.

2. I am the Executive Director for the noticing party.

3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the notice.

4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff's case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.

5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.



Dated: December 23, 2021

Chris Heptinstall

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO 27 CCR § 25903

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States and over the age of 18 years of age. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On December 23, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it in a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
3880 Bridlewood Dr
Bountiful, UT 84010

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
735 S Auto Mall Dr, Ste 100
American Fork, UT 84003

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
51 Riverbend Way, Ste 250
North Salt Lake, UT 84054

Skyler Timothy Farnes
(Registered Agent for FNX Sport L.L.C.)
3880 Bridlewood Dr
Bountiful, UT 84010

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
847 Northpointe Circle
North Salt Lake, UT 84054

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
1075 South 500 W
Bountiful, UT 84010

On December 23, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General’s website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000
Post Office Box 70550
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On December 23, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

Nancy O’Malley, District Attorney
Alameda County
7677 Oakport Street, Suite 650
Oakland, CA 94621
CEPDProp65@acgov.org

Barbara Yook, District Attorney
Calaveras County
891 Mountain Ranch Road
San Andreas, CA 95249
Prop65Env@co.calaveras.ca.us

Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

December 23, 2021

Page 5

Stacey Grassini, Deputy District Attorney
Contra Costa County
900 Ward Street
Martinez, CA 94553
sgrassini@contracostada.org

Thomas L. Hardy, District Attorney
Inyo County
168 North Edwards Street
Independence, CA 93526
inyoda@inyocounty.us

Michelle Latimer, Program Coordinator
Lassen County
220 S. Lassen Street
Susanville, CA 96130
mlatimer@co.lassen.ca.us

Walter W. Wall, District Attorney
Mariposa County
P.O. Box 730
Mariposa, CA 95338
mcda@mariposacounty.org

Kimberly Lewis, District Attorney
Merced County
550 West Main St
Merced, CA 95340
Prop65@countyofmerced.com

Jeannine M. Pacioni, District Attorney
Monterey County
1200 Aguajito Road
Monterey, CA 93940
Prop65DA@co.monterey.ca.us

Allison Haley, District Attorney
Napa County
1127 First Street, Ste C
Napa, CA 94559
CEPD@countyofnapa.org

Clifford H. Newell, District Attorney
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201 Commercial St
Nevada City, CA 95959
DA.Prop65@co.nevada.ca.us

Morgan Briggs Gire, District Attorney
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Roseville, CA 95678
Prop65@placer.ca.gov

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520 Main St
Quincy, CA 95971
davidhollister@countyofplumas.com

Paul E. Zellerbach, District Attorney
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3072 Orange Street
Riverside, CA 92501
Prop65@rivcoda.org

Anne Marie Schubert, District Attorney
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901 G Street
Sacramento, CA 95814
Prop65@sacda.org

Summer Stephan, District Attorney
San Diego County
330 West Broadway
San Diego, CA 92101
SanDiegoDAProp65@sdca.org

Mark Ankcorn, Deputy City Attorney
San Diego City Attorney
1200 Third Avenue
San Diego, CA 92101
CityAttyProp65@sandiego.gov

Alethea Sargent, Assistant District Attorney
White Collar Division
San Francisco District Attorney's Office
350 Rhode Island Street
North Building, Suite 400N
San Francisco, CA 94103
alethea.sargent@sfgov.org

Valerie Lopez, Deputy City Attorney
San Francisco City Attorney
1390 Market Street, 7th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94102
Valerie.Lopez@sfcityatty.org

Tori Verber Salazar, District Attorney
San Joaquin County
222 E. Weber Avenue, Room 202
Stockton, CA 95202
DAConsumer.Environmental@sjcda.org

Eric J. Dobroth, Deputy District Attorney
San Luis Obispo County
County Government Center Annex, 4th Floor
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408
edobroth@co.slo.ca.us

Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

December 23, 2021

Page 6

Christopher Dalbey, Deputy District Attorney
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1112 Santa Barbara Street
Santa Barbara, CA 93101
DAProp65@co.santa-barbara.ca.us

Stephan R. Passalacqua, District Attorney
Sonoma County
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Sonoma, CA 95403
jbarnes@sonoma-county.org

Bud Porter, Supervising Deputy District Attorney
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70 W Hedding St
San Jose, CA 95110
EPU@da.sccgov.org

Phillip J. Cline, District Attorney
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221 S Mooney Blvd
Visalia, CA 95370
Prop65@co.tulare.ca.us

Jeffrey S. Rosell, District Attorney
Santa Cruz County
701 Ocean Street
Santa Cruz, CA 95060
Prop65DA@santacruzcounty.us

Gregory D. Totten, District Attorney
Ventura County
800 S Victoria Ave
Ventura, CA 93009
daspecialops@ventura.org

Jeff W. Reising, District Attorney
Yolo County
301 Second Street
Woodland, CA 95695
cfepd@yolocounty.org

On December 23, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto, and depositing it with the U.S. Postal Service with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by First Class Mail.

Executed on December 23, 2021, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.



Phyllis Dunwoody

Service List

District Attorney, Alpine
County
P.O. Box 248
Markleeville, CA 96120

District Attorney, Amador
County
708 Court Street, Suite 202
Jackson, CA 95642

District Attorney, Butte
County
25 County Center Drive, Suite
245
Oroville, CA 95965

District Attorney, Colusa
County
346 Fifth Street Suite 101
Colusa, CA 95932

District Attorney, Del Norte
County
450 H Street, Room 171
Crescent City, CA 95531

District Attorney, El Dorado
County
778 Pacific St.
Placerville, CA 95667

District Attorney, Fresno
County
2220 Tulare Street, Suite 1000
Fresno, CA 93721

District Attorney, Glenn
County
Post Office Box 430
Willows, CA 95988

District Attorney, Humboldt
County
825 5th Street 4th Floor
Eureka, CA 95501

District Attorney, Imperial
County
940 West Main Street, Ste 102
El Centro, CA 92243

District Attorney, Kern County
1215 Truxtun Avenue
Bakersfield, CA 93301

District Attorney, Kings
County
1400 West Lacey Boulevard
Hanford, CA 93230

District Attorney, Lake County
255 N. Forbes Street
Lakeport, CA 95453

District Attorney, Los Angeles
County
Hall of Justice
211 West Temple St., Ste 1200
Los Angeles, CA 90012

District Attorney, Madera
County
209 West Yosemite Avenue
Madera, CA 93637

District Attorney, Marin
County
3501 Civic Center Drive,
Room 130
San Rafael, CA 94903

District Attorney, Mendocino
County
Post Office Box 1000
Ukiah, CA 95482

District Attorney, Modoc
County
204 S Court Street, Room 202
Alturas, CA 96101-4020

District Attorney, Mono
County
Post Office Box 617
Bridgeport, CA 93517

District Attorney, Orange
County
300 N Flower St
Santa Ana, CA 92703

District Attorney, San Benito
County
419 Fourth Street, 2nd Floor
Hollister, CA 95023

District Attorney, San
Bernardino County
303 West Third Street
San Bernadino, CA 92415

District Attorney, San Mateo
County
400 County Ctr., 3rd Floor
Redwood City, CA 94063

District Attorney, Shasta
County
1355 West Street
Redding, CA 96001

District Attorney, Sierra
County
Post Office Box 457
100 Courthouse Square, 2nd
Floor
Downieville, CA 95936

District Attorney, Siskiyou
County
Post Office Box 986
Yreka, CA 96097

District Attorney, Solano
County
675 Texas Street, Ste 4500
Fairfield, CA 94533

District Attorney, Stanislaus
County
832 12th Street, Ste 300
Modesto, CA 95354

District Attorney, Sutter
County
463 2nd Street
Yuba City, CA 95991

District Attorney, Tehama
County
Post Office Box 519
Red Bluff, CA 96080

District Attorney, Trinity
County
Post Office Box 310
Weaverville, CA 96093

District Attorney, Tuolumne
County
423 N. Washington Street
Sonora, CA 95370

District Attorney, Yuba
County
215 Fifth Street, Suite 152
Marysville, CA 95901

Los Angeles City Attorney's
Office
City Hall East
200 N. Main Street, Suite 800
Los Angeles, CA 90012

San Jose City Attorney's
Office
200 East Santa Clara Street,
16th Floor
San Jose, CA 95113

APPENDIX A

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as “Proposition 65”). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.¹ These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?

The “Proposition 65 List.” Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to

¹ All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html.

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

Clear and reasonable warnings. A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

Prohibition from discharges into drinking water. A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

Grace Period. Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

Governmental agencies and public water utilities. All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

Businesses with nine or fewer employees. Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer. For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question. For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food. Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant² it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water. The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

² See Section 25501(a)(4).

HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included in Appendix B and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at:
<http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov.

Revised: May 2017

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

EXHIBIT B



Environmental Research Center

3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400
San Diego, CA 92108
619-500-3090

December 31, 2021

NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE SECTION 25249.5 *ET SEQ.* (PROPOSITION 65)

Dear Alleged Violator and the Appropriate Public Enforcement Agencies:

I am the Executive Director of Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”). ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

ERC has identified violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (“Proposition 65”), which is codified at California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*, with respect to the products identified below. These violations have occurred and continue to occur because the alleged Violator identified below failed to provide required clear and reasonable warnings with these products. This letter serves as a notice of these violations to the alleged Violator and the appropriate public enforcement agencies. Pursuant to Section 25249.7(d) of the statute, ERC intends to file a private enforcement action in the public interest 60 days after effective service of this notice unless the public enforcement agencies have commenced and are diligently prosecuting an action to rectify these violations.

General Information about Proposition 65. A copy of a summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is attached with the copy of this letter served to the alleged Violator identified below.

Alleged Violator. The name of the company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violator”) is:

FNX Sport L.L.C.

Consumer Products and Listed Chemicals. The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemicals in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- 1. FNX Refuel Whey Protein Blend Peanut Butter Cup - Lead**
- 2. FNX Resilience Collagen Protein Brownie Batter – Lead, Cadmium, Mercury**
- 3. FNX Refuel Whey Protein Blend Mint Chocolate Chip - Lead**

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

Cadmium was officially listed as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity and male reproductive toxicity on May 1, 1997, while cadmium and cadmium compounds were listed as chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer on October 1, 1987.

On July 1, 1990, the State of California officially listed mercury and mercury compounds as chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity and male and female reproductive toxicity.

It should be noted that ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations and result in subsequent notices of violations.

Route of Exposure. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products. Consequently, the route of exposure to these chemicals has been and continues to be through ingestion.

Approximate Time Period of Violations. Ongoing violations have occurred every day since at least December 31, 2018, as well as every day since the products were introduced into the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users or until these known toxic chemicals are either removed from or reduced to allowable levels in the products. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to the identified chemicals. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide persons ingesting these products with appropriate warnings that they are being exposed to these chemicals.

Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and a desire to have these ongoing violations of California law quickly rectified, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution of this matter that includes an enforceable written agreement by the Violator to: (1) reformulate the identified products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemicals, or provide appropriate warnings on the labels of these products; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Such a resolution will prevent further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemicals, as well as an expensive and time-consuming litigation.

Please direct all questions concerning this notice to ERC at the above listed address and telephone number.

Sincerely,



Chris Heptinstall
Executive Director
Environmental Research Center

Attachments

- Certificate of Merit
- Certificate of Service
- OEHHA Summary (to FNX Sport L.L.C. and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)
- Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.'s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by FNX Sport L.L.C.

I, Chris Heptinstall, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached 60-day notice in which it is alleged the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.

2. I am the Executive Director for the noticing party.

3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemicals that are the subject of the notice.

4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff's case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.

5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.



Dated: December 31, 2021

Chris Heptinstall

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO 27 CCR § 25903

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States and over the age of 18 years of age. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On December 31, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it in a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
3880 Bridlewood Dr
Bountiful, UT 84010

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
735 S Auto Mall Dr, Ste 100
American Fork, UT 84003

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
51 Riverbend Way, Ste 250
North Salt Lake, UT 84054

Skyler Timothy Farnes
(Registered Agent for FNX Sport L.L.C.)
3880 Bridlewood Dr
Bountiful, UT 84010

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
847 Northpointe Circle
North Salt Lake, UT 84054

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
1075 South 500 W
Bountiful, UT 84010

On December 31, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General’s website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000
Post Office Box 70550
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On December 31, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

Nancy O’Malley, District Attorney
Alameda County
7677 Oakport Street, Suite 650
Oakland, CA 94621
CEPDProp65@acgov.org

Barbara Yook, District Attorney
Calaveras County
891 Mountain Ranch Road
San Andreas, CA 95249
Prop65Env@co.calaveras.ca.us

Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

December 31, 2021

Page 5

Stacey Grassini, Deputy District Attorney
Contra Costa County
900 Ward Street
Martinez, CA 94553
sgrassini@contracostada.org

Thomas L. Hardy, District Attorney
Inyo County
168 North Edwards Street
Independence, CA 93526
inyoda@inyocounty.us

Michelle Latimer, Program Coordinator
Lassen County
220 S. Lassen Street
Susanville, CA 96130
mlatimer@co.lassen.ca.us

Walter W. Wall, District Attorney
Mariposa County
P.O. Box 730
Mariposa, CA 95338
mcda@mariposacounty.org

Kimberly Lewis, District Attorney
Merced County
550 West Main St
Merced, CA 95340
Prop65@countyofmerced.com

Jeannine M. Pacioni, District Attorney
Monterey County
1200 Aguajito Road
Monterey, CA 93940
Prop65DA@co.monterey.ca.us

Allison Haley, District Attorney
Napa County
1127 First Street, Ste C
Napa, CA 94559
CEPD@countyofnapa.org

Clifford H. Newell, District Attorney
Nevada County
201 Commercial St
Nevada City, CA 95959
DA.Prop65@co.nevada.ca.us

Morgan Briggs Gire, District Attorney
Placer County
10810 Justice Center Drive
Roseville, CA 95678
Prop65@placer.ca.gov

David Hollister, District Attorney
Plumas County
520 Main St
Quincy, CA 95971
davidhollister@countyofplumas.com

Paul E. Zellerbach, District Attorney
Riverside County
3072 Orange Street
Riverside, CA 92501
Prop65@rivcoda.org

Anne Marie Schubert, District Attorney
Sacramento County
901 G Street
Sacramento, CA 95814
Prop65@sacda.org

Summer Stephan, District Attorney
San Diego County
330 West Broadway
San Diego, CA 92101
SanDiegoDAProp65@sdcda.org

Mark Ankcorn, Deputy City Attorney
San Diego City Attorney
1200 Third Avenue
San Diego, CA 92101
CityAttyProp65@sandiego.gov

Alethea Sargent, Assistant District Attorney
White Collar Division
San Francisco District Attorney's Office
350 Rhode Island Street
North Building, Suite 400N
San Francisco, CA 94103
alethea.sargent@sfgov.org

Valerie Lopez, Deputy City Attorney
San Francisco City Attorney
1390 Market Street, 7th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94102
Valerie.Lopez@sfcityatty.org

Tori Verber Salazar, District Attorney
San Joaquin County
222 E. Weber Avenue, Room 202
Stockton, CA 95202
DAConsumer.Environmental@sjcda.org

Eric J. Dobroth, Deputy District Attorney
San Luis Obispo County
County Government Center Annex, 4th Floor
San Luis Obispo, CA 93408
edobroth@co.slo.ca.us

Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

December 31, 2021

Page 6

Christopher Dalbey, Deputy District Attorney
Santa Barbara County
1112 Santa Barbara Street
Santa Barbara, CA 93101
DAProp65@co.santa-barbara.ca.us

Stephan R. Passalacqua, District Attorney
Sonoma County
600 Administration Dr
Sonoma, CA 95403
jbarnes@sonoma-county.org

Bud Porter, Supervising Deputy District Attorney
Santa Clara County
70 W Hedding St
San Jose, CA 95110
EPU@da.sccgov.org

Phillip J. Cline, District Attorney
Tulare County
221 S Mooney Blvd
Visalia, CA 95370
Prop65@co.tulare.ca.us

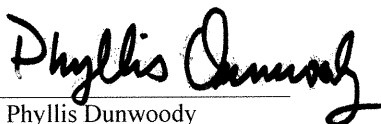
Jeffrey S. Rosell, District Attorney
Santa Cruz County
701 Ocean Street
Santa Cruz, CA 95060
Prop65DA@santacruzcounty.us

Gregory D. Totten, District Attorney
Ventura County
800 S Victoria Ave
Ventura, CA 93009
daspecialops@ventura.org

Jeff W. Reising, District Attorney
Yolo County
301 Second Street
Woodland, CA 95695
cfepd@yolocounty.org

On December 31, 2021, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto, and depositing it with the U.S. Postal Service with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by First Class Mail.

Executed on December 31, 2021, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.


Phyllis Dunwoody

Service List

District Attorney, Alpine
County
P.O. Box 248
Markleeville, CA 96120

District Attorney, Amador
County
708 Court Street, Suite 202
Jackson, CA 95642

District Attorney, Butte
County
25 County Center Drive, Suite
245
Oroville, CA 95965

District Attorney, Colusa
County
346 Fifth Street Suite 101
Colusa, CA 95932

District Attorney, Del Norte
County
450 H Street, Room 171
Crescent City, CA 95531

District Attorney, El Dorado
County
778 Pacific St.
Placerville, CA 95667

District Attorney, Fresno
County
2220 Tulare Street, Suite 1000
Fresno, CA 93721

District Attorney, Glenn
County
Post Office Box 430
Willows, CA 95988

District Attorney, Humboldt
County
825 5th Street 4th Floor
Eureka, CA 95501

District Attorney, Imperial
County
940 West Main Street, Ste 102
El Centro, CA 92243

District Attorney, Kern County
1215 Truxtun Avenue
Bakersfield, CA 93301

District Attorney, Kings
County
1400 West Lacey Boulevard
Hanford, CA 93230

District Attorney, Lake County
255 N. Forbes Street
Lakeport, CA 95453

District Attorney, Los Angeles
County
Hall of Justice
211 West Temple St., Ste 1200
Los Angeles, CA 90012

District Attorney, Madera
County
209 West Yosemite Avenue
Madera, CA 93637

District Attorney, Marin
County
3501 Civic Center Drive,
Room 130
San Rafael, CA 94903

District Attorney, Mendocino
County
Post Office Box 1000
Ukiah, CA 95482

District Attorney, Modoc
County
204 S Court Street, Room 202
Alturas, CA 96101-4020

District Attorney, Mono
County
Post Office Box 617
Bridgeport, CA 93517

District Attorney, Orange
County
300 N Flower St
Santa Ana, CA 92703

District Attorney, San Benito
County
419 Fourth Street, 2nd Floor
Hollister, CA 95023

District Attorney, San
Bernardino County
303 West Third Street
San Bernadino, CA 92415

District Attorney, San Mateo
County
400 County Ctr., 3rd Floor
Redwood City, CA 94063

District Attorney, Shasta
County
1355 West Street
Redding, CA 96001

District Attorney, Sierra
County
Post Office Box 457
100 Courthouse Square, 2nd
Floor
Downieville, CA 95936

District Attorney, Siskiyou
County
Post Office Box 986
Yreka, CA 96097

District Attorney, Solano
County
675 Texas Street, Ste 4500
Fairfield, CA 94533

District Attorney, Stanislaus
County
832 12th Street, Ste 300
Modesto, CA 95354

District Attorney, Sutter
County
463 2nd Street
Yuba City, CA 95991

District Attorney, Tehama
County
Post Office Box 519
Red Bluff, CA 96080

District Attorney, Trinity
County
Post Office Box 310
Weaverville, CA 96093

District Attorney, Tuolumne
County
423 N. Washington Street
Sonora, CA 95370

District Attorney, Yuba
County
215 Fifth Street, Suite 152
Marysville, CA 95901

Los Angeles City Attorney's
Office
City Hall East
200 N. Main Street, Suite 800
Los Angeles, CA 90012

San Jose City Attorney's
Office
200 East Santa Clara Street,
16th Floor
San Jose, CA 95113

APPENDIX A

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.¹ These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?

The "Proposition 65 List." Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to

¹ All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html.

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

Clear and reasonable warnings. A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

Prohibition from discharges into drinking water. A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

Grace Period. Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

Governmental agencies and public water utilities. All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

Businesses with nine or fewer employees. Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer. For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question. For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food. Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant² it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water. The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

² See Section 25501(a)(4).

HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included in Appendix B and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at:
<http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov.

Revised: May 2017

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

EXHIBIT C



Environmental Research Center

3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400
San Diego, CA 92108
619-500-3090

January 6, 2022

NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE SECTION 25249.5 *ET SEQ.* (PROPOSITION 65)

Dear Alleged Violator and the Appropriate Public Enforcement Agencies:

I am the Executive Director of Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”). ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

ERC has identified violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (“Proposition 65”), which is codified at California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*, with respect to the products identified below. These violations have occurred and continue to occur because the alleged Violator identified below failed to provide required clear and reasonable warnings with these products. This letter serves as a notice of these violations to the alleged Violator and the appropriate public enforcement agencies. Pursuant to Section 25249.7(d) of the statute, ERC intends to file a private enforcement action in the public interest 60 days after effective service of this notice unless the public enforcement agencies have commenced and are diligently prosecuting an action to rectify these violations.

General Information about Proposition 65. A copy of a summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is attached with the copy of this letter served to the alleged Violator identified below.

Alleged Violator. The name of the company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violator”) is:

FNX Sport L.L.C.

Consumer Products and Listed Chemicals. The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemicals in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- 1. FNX Immune + Complex Science Driven Immune Booster - Lead**
- 2. FNX Reform Vegan Protein Vegan Vanilla - Lead**
- 3. FNX Resilience Collagen Protein Pink Berry - Mercury**

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

On July 1, 1990, the State of California officially listed mercury and mercury compounds as chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity and male and female reproductive toxicity.

It should be noted that ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations and result in subsequent notices of violations.

Route of Exposure. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products. Consequently, the route of exposure to these chemicals has been and continues to be through ingestion.

Approximate Time Period of Violations. Ongoing violations have occurred every day since at least January 6, 2019, as well as every day since the products were introduced into the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users or until these known toxic chemicals are either removed from or reduced to allowable levels in the products. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to the identified chemicals. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide persons ingesting these products with appropriate warnings that they are being exposed to these chemicals.

Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and a desire to have these ongoing violations of California law quickly rectified, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution of this matter that includes an enforceable written agreement by the Violator to: (1) reformulate the identified products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemicals, or provide appropriate warnings on the labels of these products; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Such a resolution will prevent further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemicals, as well as an expensive and time-consuming litigation.

Please direct all questions concerning this notice to ERC at the above listed address and telephone number.

Sincerely,



Chris Heptinstall
Executive Director
Environmental Research Center

Attachments

- Certificate of Merit
- Certificate of Service
- OEHHA Summary (to FNX Sport L.L.C. and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)
- Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.'s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by FNX Sport L.L.C.

I, Chris Heptinstall, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached 60-day notice in which it is alleged the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.

2. I am the Executive Director for the noticing party.

3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemicals that are the subject of the notice.

4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff's case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.

5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.



Dated: January 6, 2022

Chris Heptinstall

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO 27 CCR § 25903

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States and over the age of 18 years of age. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On January 6, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it in a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
3880 Bridlewood Dr
Bountiful, UT 84010

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
735 S Auto Mall Dr, Ste 100
American Fork, UT 84003

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51 Riverbend Way, Ste 250
North Salt Lake, UT 84054

Skyler Timothy Farnes
(Registered Agent for FNX Sport L.L.C.)
3880 Bridlewood Dr
Bountiful, UT 84010

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
847 Northpointe Circle
North Salt Lake, UT 84054

Current President or CEO
FNX Sport L.L.C.
1075 South 500 W
Bountiful, UT 84010

On January 6, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General’s website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000
Post Office Box 70550
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On January 6, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

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Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

January 6, 2022

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Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

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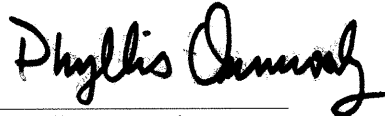
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cfepd@yolocounty.org

On January 6, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto, and depositing it with the U.S. Postal Service with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by First Class Mail.

Executed on January 6, 2022, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.



Phyllis Dunwoody

Service List

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APPENDIX A

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.¹ These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?

The "Proposition 65 List." Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to

¹ All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html.

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

Clear and reasonable warnings. A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

Prohibition from discharges into drinking water. A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

Grace Period. Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

Governmental agencies and public water utilities. All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

Businesses with nine or fewer employees. Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer. For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question. For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food. Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant² it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water. The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

² See Section 25501(a)(4).

HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included in Appendix B and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at:
<http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov.

Revised: May 2017

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.