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14 **SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**
15 **COUNTY OF ALAMEDA**

16 **ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH**
17 **CENTER, INC., a California non-profit**
18 **corporation**

19 **Plaintiff,**
20 **vs.**

21 **IMONEY TOOLS LLC, individually and**
22 **dba TRANONT; and DOES 1-100**

23 **Defendants.**

CASE NO. 22CV023635

STIPULATED CONSENT
JUDGMENT

Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 *et seq.*

Action Filed: December 12, 2022

Trial Date: None set

24 **1. INTRODUCTION**

25 **1.1** On December 12, 2022, Plaintiff Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”),
26 a non-profit corporation, as a private enforcer and in the public interest, initiated this action by
27 filing a Complaint for Injunctive and Declaratory Relief and Civil Penalties (the “Complaint”)
28 pursuant to the provisions of California Health and Safety Code section 25249.5 *et seq.*

1 (“Proposition 65”), against IMoney Tools LLC, individually and dba Tranont (“Tranont”) and
2 Does 1-100. In this action, ERC alleges that a number of products manufactured, distributed, or
3 sold by Tranont contain lead and/or mercury, chemicals listed under Proposition 65 as
4 carcinogens and/or reproductive toxins, and expose consumers to these chemicals at a level
5 requiring a Proposition 65 warning. These products (referred to hereinafter individually as a
6 “Covered Product” or collectively as “Covered Products”) are: (1) Tranont Nourish GOS
7 Prebiotic Meal Replacement Coconut Cream (lead), (2) Tranont Nourish GOS Prebiotic Meal
8 Replacement Brownie Batter (lead), (3) Tranont Boost (lead), (4) Tranont Glow Advanced
9 Type 1 Collagen with Superfood Antioxidant Support Strawberry Banana (mercury), and (5)
10 Tranont Glow Advanced Type 1 Collagen with Superfood Antioxidant Support Orange Cream
11 (mercury).

12 **1.2** ERC and Tranont are hereinafter referred to individually as a “Party” or
13 collectively as the “Parties.”

14 **1.3** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the Parties agree that ERC is a 501
15 (c)(3) California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard
16 the public from health hazards by reducing the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic
17 chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging
18 corporate responsibility.

19 **1.4** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the Parties agree that Tranont is a business
20 entity that has employed ten or more persons at all times relevant to this action and qualifies as a
21 “person in the course of doing business” within the meaning of Proposition 65. Tranont
22 manufactures, distributes, and/or sells the Covered Products.

23 **1.5** The Complaint is based on allegations contained in ERC’s Notices of Violation
24 dated September 1, 2022 and September 15, 2022 that were served on the California Attorney
25 General, other public enforcers, and Tranont (“Notices”). True and correct copies of the 60-
26 Day Notices dated September 1, 2022 and September 15, 2022 are attached hereto as *Exhibits*
27 *A* and *B* and incorporated herein by reference. More than 60 days have passed since the
28 Notices were served on the Attorney General, public enforcers, and Tranont and no designated

1 governmental entity nor public enforcer has filed a Complaint against Tranont with regard to
2 the Covered Products or the alleged violations.

3 **1.6** ERC's Notices and Complaint allege that use of the Covered Products by
4 California consumers exposes them to lead and/or mercury without first receiving clear and
5 reasonable warnings from Tranont, which allegedly violates California Health and Safety Code
6 section 25249.6. Tranont denies all material allegations contained in the Notices and
7 Complaint.

8 **1.7** The Parties have entered into this Consent Judgment in order to settle,
9 compromise, and resolve disputed claims and thus avoid prolonged and costly litigation.
10 Nothing in this Consent Judgment nor compliance with this Consent Judgment shall constitute
11 or be construed as an admission by any of the Parties or by any of their respective officers,
12 directors, shareholders, employees, agents, parent companies, subsidiaries, divisions,
13 franchisees, licensees, customers, suppliers, distributors, wholesalers, or retailers of any fact,
14 issue of law, violation of law, conclusions of law, wrongdoing, or liability, including without
15 limitation, any admission concerning any alleged violation of Proposition 65 or any other
16 statutory, regulatory, common law, or equitable doctrine, or the meaning of the terms
17 "knowingly and intentionally expose" or "clear and reasonable warning" as used in Cal. Health
18 & Safety Code § 25249.6, nor shall this Consent Judgment be offered or admitted as evidence
19 in any other administrative or judicial proceeding or litigation in any court, agency, or forum,
20 except for any purpose necessary in this case, including an action seeking to enforce the terms
21 of this Consent Judgment.

22 **1.8** Except as expressly set forth herein, nothing in this Consent Judgment shall
23 prejudice, waive, or impair any right, remedy, argument, or defense the Parties may have in
24 any current or future legal proceeding unrelated to these proceedings.

25 **1.9** The Effective Date of this Consent Judgment is the date on which it is entered
26 as a Judgment by this Court.

27 **2. JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

28 For purposes of this Consent Judgment and any further court action that may become

1 necessary to enforce this Consent Judgment, the Parties stipulate that this Court has subject matter
2 jurisdiction over the allegations of violations contained in the Complaint and personal jurisdiction
3 over Tranont as to the acts alleged in the Complaint, that venue is proper in Alameda County, and
4 that this Court has jurisdiction to enter this Consent Judgment as a full and final resolution of all
5 claims up through and including the Effective Date that were or could have been asserted in this
6 action based on the facts alleged in the Notices and Complaint.

7 **3. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF, REFORMULATION, TESTING AND WARNINGS**

8 **3.1** Beginning on the Effective Date, Tranont shall be permanently enjoined from
9 manufacturing for sale in the State of California, “Distributing into the State of California,” or
10 directly selling in the State of California, any Covered Product that exposes a person to a
11 “Daily Lead Exposure Level” of more than 0.5 micrograms of lead per day and/or “Daily
12 Mercury Exposure Level” of more than 0.3 micrograms of mercury per day unless it meets the
13 warning requirements under Section 3.2. However, if the California Office of Environmental
14 Health Hazard Assessment establishes a “safe harbor” Maximum Allowable Dose Level
15 (“MADL”) for either mercury or lead that is higher than 0.5 micrograms of lead per day for
16 lead or .3 micrograms of mercury per day for mercury, then those MADLs shall substitute for
17 the levels identified in this Section 3.1.

18 **3.1.1** As used in this Consent Judgment, the term “Distributing into the State
19 of California” shall mean to directly ship a Covered Product into California for sale in
20 California or to sell a Covered Product to a distributor that Tranont knows or has reason to
21 know will sell the Covered Product in California.

22 **3.1.2** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the “Daily Lead Exposure
23 Level” shall be measured in micrograms, and shall be calculated using the following formula:
24 micrograms of lead per gram of product, multiplied by grams of product per serving of the
25 product (using the largest serving size appearing on the product label), multiplied by servings
26 of the product per day (using the largest number of recommended daily servings appearing on
27 the label), which equals micrograms of lead exposure per day. If the label contains no
28 recommended daily servings, then the number of recommended daily servings shall be one.

1 **3.1.3** For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the “Daily Mercury Exposure
2 Level” shall be measured in micrograms, and shall be calculated using the following formula:
3 micrograms of mercury per gram of product, multiplied by grams of product per serving of the
4 product (using the largest serving size appearing on the product label), multiplied by servings
5 of the product per day (using the largest number of recommended daily servings appearing on
6 the label), which equals micrograms of mercury exposure per day. If the label contains no
7 recommended daily servings, then the number of recommended daily servings shall be one.

8 **3.2 Clear and Reasonable Warnings**

9 If Tranont is required to provide a warning pursuant to Section 3.1, the following warning
10 must be utilized (“Warning”):

11 **WARNING:** Consuming this product can expose you to chemicals including
12 [lead][mercury], which is known to the State of California to cause [cancer and] birth
13 defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to
14 www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/food.

15 Tranont shall use the phrase “cancer and” in the Warning if Tranont has reason to believe
16 that the “Daily Lead Exposure Level” is greater than 15 micrograms of lead as determined
17 pursuant to the quality control methodology set forth in Section 3.4 or if Tranont has reason to
18 believe that another Proposition 65 chemical is present which may require a cancer warning. As
19 identified in the brackets, the warning shall appropriately reflect whether there is lead or mercury
20 present in each of the Covered Products. However, if there is lead and mercury present in a
21 Covered Product, the warning required under this section 3.2 may either identify only lead or only
22 mercury or identify both lead and mercury, but if there is a chemical present at a level that
23 requires a cancer warning, the chemical requiring use of the phrase “cancer and” in the Warning
24 shall always be identified.

25 If subsequently enacted changes to Proposition 65 or its implementing regulations require
26 the use of additional or different information on any warning specifically applicable to the
27 Covered Products (the “New Safe Harbor Warning”), the Parties agree that the New Safe Harbor
28 warning may be utilized in place of or in addition to, as applicable, the warnings set forth in this
Section.

1 The Warning shall be securely affixed to or printed upon the label of each Covered
2 Product, and it must be set off from other surrounding information and enclosed in a box. In
3 addition, for any Covered Product sold over the internet, the Warning shall appear on the
4 checkout page when a California delivery address is indicated for any purchase of any Covered
5 Product. An asterisk or other identifying method must be utilized to identify which products on
6 the checkout page are subject to the Warning. In no event shall any internet or website
7 Warning be contained in or made through a link.

8 The Warning shall be at least the same size as the largest of any other health or safety
9 warnings also appearing on the website or on the label and the word “**WARNING**” shall be in all
10 capital letters and in bold print. No statements intended to or likely to have the effect of
11 diminishing the impact of the Warning on the average lay person shall accompany the Warning.
12 Further no statements may accompany the Warning that state or imply that the source of the listed
13 chemical has an impact on or results in a less harmful effect of the listed chemical.

14 Tranont must display the above Warning with such conspicuousness, as compared with
15 other words, statements or designs on the label, or on its website, if applicable, to render the
16 Warning likely to be read and understood by an ordinary individual under customary conditions
17 of purchase or use of the product.

18 For purposes of this Consent Judgment, the term “label” means a display of written,
19 printed or graphic material that is printed on or affixed to a Covered Product or its immediate
20 container or wrapper.

21 **3.3 Conforming Covered Products**

22 A Conforming Covered Product is a Covered Product for which the “Daily Lead Exposure
23 Level” is no greater than 0.5 micrograms of lead per day and/or the “Daily Mercury Exposure
24 Level” is no greater than 0.3 micrograms of mercury per day as determined by the exposure
25 methodology set forth in Section 3.1.2 and the quality control methodology described in Section
26 3.4, and that is not known by Tranont to contain other chemicals that violate Proposition 65’s safe
27 harbor thresholds. The Parties agree that Conforming Covered Products may be offered for sale in
28 California without the Warning stated in Section 3.2.

1 **3.4 Testing and Quality Control Methodology**

2 **3.4.1** Beginning within one year of the Effective Date, Tranont shall arrange
3 for lead and mercury testing of the Covered Products at least once a year for a minimum of five
4 consecutive years by arranging for testing of three (3) randomly selected samples of each of
5 the Covered Products, in the form intended for sale to the end-user, which Tranont intends to
6 sell or is manufacturing for sale in California, directly selling to a consumer in California or
7 “Distributing into the State of California.” If tests conducted pursuant to this Section
8 demonstrate that no Warning is required for a Covered Product during each of five consecutive
9 years, then the testing requirements of this Section will no longer be required as to that
10 Covered Product. However, if during or after the five-year testing period, Tranont changes
11 ingredient suppliers for any of the Covered Products and/or reformulates any of the Covered
12 Products, Tranont shall test that Covered Product annually for at least four (4) consecutive
13 years after such change is made.

14 **3.4.2** For purposes of measuring the “Daily Lead Exposure Level” and/or the
15 “Daily Mercury Exposure Level,” the highest lead and/or mercury detection result of the three
16 (3) randomly selected samples of the Covered Products will be controlling.

17 **3.4.3** All testing pursuant to this Consent Judgment shall be performed using a
18 laboratory method that complies with the performance and quality control factors appropriate
19 for the method used, including limit of detection and limit of quantification, sensitivity,
20 accuracy and precision that meets the following criteria: Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass
21 Spectrometry (“ICP-MS”) achieving a limit of quantification of less than or equal to 0.005
22 mg/kg.

23 **3.4.4** All testing pursuant to this Consent Judgment shall be performed by an
24 independent third party laboratory certified by the California Environmental Laboratory
25 Accreditation Program or an independent third-party laboratory that is registered with the
26 United States Food & Drug Administration.

27 **3.4.5** Nothing in this Consent Judgment shall limit Tranont’s ability to
28 conduct, or require that others conduct, additional testing of the Covered Products, including

1 the raw materials used in their manufacture.

2 **3.4.6** Within thirty (30) days of ERC’s written request, Tranont shall deliver
3 lab reports obtained pursuant to Section 3.4 to ERC. Tranont shall retain all test results and
4 documentation for a period of five years from the date of each test.

5 **3.4.7** The testing and reporting requirements of Section 3.4 do not apply to any
6 Covered Product for which Tranont is providing a Warning, continuously and without
7 interruption from the Effective Date, pursuant to Section 3.2 of this Consent Judgment. In the
8 event a Warning is provided after the Effective Date but Tranont thereafter ceases to provide the
9 Warning, the testing and reporting requirements of Section 3.4 of this Consent Judgment shall
10 apply beginning within one year after the date the Warning ceases to be provided, unless Tranont
11 can show to the satisfaction of ERC that the cessation in providing the Warning was a temporary
12 error that was resolved when discovered.

13 **4. SETTLEMENT PAYMENT**

14 **4.1** In full satisfaction of all potential civil penalties, additional settlement payments
15 attorney’s fees, and costs, Tranont shall make a total payment of \$95,000.00 (“Total Settlement
16 Amount”) to ERC within 10 business days of the Effective Date (“Due Date”). Tranont shall
17 make this payment by wire transfer to ERC’s account, for which ERC will give Tranont the
18 necessary account information. ERC shall be responsible for allocating and sending the
19 payments to the other recipients as follows:

20 **4.2** \$32,750.00 shall be considered a civil penalty pursuant to California Health and
21 Safety Code section 25249.7(b)(1). ERC shall remit 75% (\$24,562.50) of the civil penalty to
22 the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (“OEHHA”) for deposit in the Safe
23 Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Fund in accordance with California Health and Safety
24 Code section 25249.12(c). ERC will retain the remaining 25% (\$8,187.50) of the civil penalty.
25 ERC’s counsel shall send proof of the amount remitted to the OEHHA to Tranont’s counsel

26 **4.3** \$3,394.77 shall be distributed to ERC as reimbursement to ERC for reasonable
27 costs incurred in bringing this action.

28 **4.4** \$24,475.76 shall be distributed to ERC in lieu of further civil penalties and as an

1 Additional Settlement Payment (“ASP”), pursuant to California Code of Regulations, title 11,
2 sections 3203, subdivision (d) and 3204. ERC will utilize the ASP for activities that address
3 the same public harm as allegedly caused by Defendant in this matter. These activities are
4 detailed below and support ERC’s overarching goal of reducing and/or eliminating hazardous
5 and toxic chemicals in dietary supplement products in California. ERC’s activities have had,
6 and will continue to have, a direct and primary effect within the State of California because
7 California consumers will be benefitted by the reduction and/or elimination of exposure to lead
8 and/or mercury in dietary supplements and/or by providing clear and reasonable warnings to
9 California consumers prior to ingestion of the products.

10 Based on a review of past years’ actual budgets, ERC is providing the following list of
11 activities ERC engages in to protect California consumers through Proposition 65 citizen
12 enforcement, along with a breakdown of how ASP funds will be utilized to facilitate those
13 activities: (1) ENFORCEMENT (up to 65-80%): obtaining, shipping, analyzing, and testing
14 dietary supplement products that may contain lead and/or mercury and are sold to California
15 consumers. This work includes continued monitoring and enforcement of past consent
16 judgments and settlements to ensure companies are in compliance with their obligations
17 thereunder, with a specific focus on those judgments and settlements concerning lead and/or
18 mercury. This work also includes investigation of new companies that ERC does not obtain
19 any recovery through settlement or judgment; (2) VOLUNTARY COMPLIANCE PROGRAM
20 (up to 10-20%): maintaining ERC’s Voluntary Compliance Program by acquiring products
21 from companies, developing and maintaining a case file, testing products from these
22 companies, providing the test results and supporting documentation to the companies, and
23 offering guidance in warning or implementing a self-testing program for lead and/or mercury
24 in dietary supplement products; and (3) “GOT LEAD” PROGRAM (up to 5%): maintaining
25 ERC’s “Got Lead?” Program which reduces the numbers of contaminated products that reach
26 California consumers by providing access to free testing for lead in dietary supplement
27 products (Products submitted to the program are screened for ingredients which are suspected
28 to be contaminated, and then may be purchased by ERC, catalogued, sent to a qualified

1 laboratory for testing, and the results shared with the consumer that submitted the product).

2 ERC shall be fully accountable in that it will maintain adequate records to document
3 and will be able to demonstrate how the ASP funds will be spent and can assure that the funds
4 are being spent only for the proper, designated purposes described in this Consent Judgment.
5 ERC shall provide the Attorney General, within thirty days of any request, copies of
6 documentation demonstrating how such funds have been spent.

7 **4.5** \$11,760.00 shall be distributed to Lozeau Drury LLP as reimbursement of
8 ERC's attorney fees, while \$22,619.47 shall be distributed to ERC for its in-house legal fees.
9 Except as explicitly provided herein, each Party shall bear its own fees and costs.

10 **4.6** In the event that Tranont fails to remit the Total Settlement Amount owed under
11 Section 4 of this Consent Judgment on or before the Due Date, Tranont shall be deemed to be
12 in material breach of its obligations under this Consent Judgment. ERC shall provide written
13 notice of the delinquency to Tranont via electronic mail. If Tranont fails to deliver the Total
14 Settlement Amount within five (5) days from the written notice, the Total Settlement Amount
15 shall accrue interest at the statutory judgment interest rate provided in the California Code of
16 Civil Procedure section 685.010. Additionally, Tranont agrees to pay ERC's reasonable
17 attorney's fees and costs for any efforts to collect the payment due under this Consent
18 Judgment.

19 **5. MODIFICATION OF CONSENT JUDGMENT**

20 **5.1** This Consent Judgment may be modified only as to injunctive terms by written
21 stipulation of the Parties and upon entry by the Court of a modified consent judgment.

22 **5.2** If Tranont seeks to modify this Consent Judgment under Section 5.1, then
23 Tranont must provide written notice to ERC of its intent ("Notice of Intent"). If ERC seeks to
24 meet and confer regarding the proposed modification in the Notice of Intent, then ERC must
25 provide written notice to Tranont within thirty (30) days of receiving the Notice of Intent. If
26 ERC notifies Tranont in a timely manner of ERC's intent to meet and confer, then the Parties
27 shall meet and confer in good faith as required in this Section. The Parties shall meet in person
28 or via telephone within thirty (30) days of ERC's notification of its intent to meet and confer.

1 Within thirty (30) days of such meeting, if ERC disputes the proposed modification, ERC shall
2 provide to Tranont a written basis for its position. The Parties shall continue to meet and
3 confer for an additional thirty (30) days in an effort to resolve any remaining disputes. Should
4 it become necessary, the Parties may agree in writing to different deadlines for the meet-and-
5 confer period.

6 **6. RETENTION OF JURISDICTION, ENFORCEMENT OF CONSENT**
7 **JUDGMENT**

8 **6.1** This Court shall retain jurisdiction of this matter to enforce, modify, or
9 terminate this Consent Judgment.

10 **6.2** If ERC alleges that any Covered Product fails to qualify as a Conforming
11 Covered Product (for which ERC alleges that no Warning has been provided), then ERC shall
12 inform Tranont in a reasonably prompt manner of its test results, including information
13 sufficient to permit Tranont to identify the Covered Products at issue. Tranont shall, within
14 thirty (30) days following such notice, either (1) withdraw the Covered Product from sales in
15 California; (2) provide the warning described in Section 3.1 for the Covered Product, or (3)
16 refute the information provided by ERC by providing ERC with testing information, from an
17 independent third-party laboratory meeting the requirements of Sections 3.4.3 and 3.4.4,
18 demonstrating Tranont's compliance with the Consent Judgment. The Parties shall first
19 attempt to resolve the matter prior to ERC taking any further legal action. To the extent that
20 any enforcement action pursuant to Section 16 is based on the failure of Tranont to comply
21 with the warning provisions of Section 3.1 and/or 3.2, ERC shall comply with this Section 6.2
22 prior to commencing such enforcement action pursuant to Section 16.

23 **6.3** In the event that Proposition 65 is repealed, preempted, or is otherwise
24 specifically rendered inapplicable to the Covered Products by reason of a change made by the
25 OEHHA to the Proposition 65 implementing regulations or by a decision of the California
26 Supreme Court, then Tranont may provide written notice to ERC of any asserted change in the
27 law, and shall have no further obligations pursuant to this Consent Judgment with respect to the
28 Covered Products, but only to the extent that the Covered products are so affected.

1 **7. APPLICATION OF CONSENT JUDGMENT**

2 This Consent Judgment may apply to, be binding upon, and benefit the Parties and their
3 respective officers, directors, shareholders, employees, agents, parent companies, subsidiaries,
4 divisions, franchisees, licensees, customers (excluding private labelers), distributors, wholesalers,
5 retailers, predecessors, successors, assigns, and all other entities in the distribution chain down to
6 the consumer of any Covered Product, and the predecessors, successors and assigns of any of
7 them. This Consent Judgment shall have no application to any Covered Product that is distributed
8 or sold exclusively outside the State of California and that is not used by California consumers.

9 **8. BINDING EFFECT, CLAIMS COVERED AND RELEASED**

10 **8.1** This Consent Judgment is a full, final, and binding resolution between ERC, on
11 behalf of itself, and in the public interest, and Tranont and its respective officers, directors,
12 shareholders, employees, agents, parent companies, subsidiaries, divisions, suppliers,
13 franchisees, licensees, customers (not including private label customers of Tranont),
14 distributors, wholesalers, retailers, and all other upstream and downstream entities in the
15 distribution chain of any Covered Product, and the predecessors, successors, and assigns of any
16 of them (collectively, “Released Parties”).

17 **8.2** ERC, acting in the public interest, releases the Released Parties from any and all
18 claims for violations of Proposition 65 up through the Effective Date based on exposure to lead
19 and/or mercury from the Covered Products as set forth in the Notices of Violation. ERC, on
20 behalf of itself only, hereby fully releases and discharges the Released Parties from any and all
21 claims, actions, causes of action, suits, demands, liabilities, damages, penalties, fees, costs, and
22 expenses asserted, or that could have been asserted from the handling, use, or consumption of
23 the Covered Products, as to any alleged violation of Proposition 65 or its implementing
24 regulations arising from the failure to provide Proposition 65 warnings on the Covered
25 Products regarding lead and/or mercury up to and including the Effective Date.

26 **8.3** ERC on its own behalf only, and Tranont on its own behalf only, further waive
27 and release any and all claims they may have against each other for all actions or statements
28 made or undertaken in the course of seeking or opposing enforcement of Proposition 65 in

1 connection with the Notices and Complaint up through and including the Effective Date,
2 provided, however, that nothing in Section 8 shall affect or limit any Party's right to seek to
3 enforce the terms of this Consent Judgment.

4 **8.4** It is possible that other claims not known to the Parties, arising out of the facts
5 alleged in the Notices and Complaint, and relating to the Covered Products, will develop or be
6 discovered. ERC on behalf of itself only, and Tranont on behalf of itself only, acknowledge
7 that this Consent Judgment is expressly intended to cover and include all such injuries,
8 damages, liability, and claims up through and including the Effective Date, including all rights
9 of action therefore. ERC and Tranont have full knowledge of the contents of Cal. Civil Code §
10 1542, and acknowledge that the claims released in Sections 8.2 and 8.3 above may include
11 unknown claims, and nevertheless waive California Civil Code section 1542 as to any such
12 unknown claims. California Civil Code section 1542 reads as follows:

13 A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE
14 CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO
15 EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE
16 AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY
AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED
PARTY.

17 ERC on behalf of itself only, and Tranont on behalf of itself only, acknowledge and understand
18 the significance and consequences of this specific waiver of California Civil Code section
19 1542.

20 **8.5** Compliance with the terms of this Consent Judgment shall be deemed to
21 constitute compliance with Proposition 65 by any of the Released Parties regarding alleged
22 exposures to lead and/or mercury in the Covered Products as set forth in the Notices and
23 Complaint.

24 **8.6** Nothing in this Consent Judgment is intended to apply to any occupational or
25 environmental exposures arising under Proposition 65, nor shall it apply to any of Tranont's
26 products other than the Covered Products.

27 **9. SEVERABILITY OF UNENFORCEABLE PROVISIONS**

28 In the event that any of the provisions of this Consent Judgment are held by a court to be

1 unenforceable, the validity of the remaining enforceable provisions shall not be adversely
2 affected.

3 **10. GOVERNING LAW**

4 The terms and conditions of this Consent Judgment shall be governed by and construed in
5 accordance with the laws of the State of California.

6 **11. PROVISION OF NOTICE**

7 All notices required to be given to either Party to this Consent Judgment by the other shall
8 be in writing and sent to the following agents listed below via first-class mail or via electronic
9 mail where required. Courtesy copies via email may also be sent.

10 **FOR ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH CENTER, INC.:**

11 Chris Heptinstall, Executive Director, Environmental Research Center
12 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400
13 San Diego, CA 92108
14 Ph: (619) 500-3090
15 Email: chris.heptinstall@erc501c3.org

16 With a copy to:

17 RICHARD T. DRURY
18 REBECCA L. DAVIS
19 LOZEAU | DRURY LLP
20 1939 Harrison Street, Suite 150
21 Oakland, CA 94612
22 Ph: 510-836-4200
23 Email: richard@lozeaudrury.com
rebecca@lozeaudrury.com

24 **IMONEY TOOLS LLC, individually and dba TRANONT:**

25 Leslie Gallacher, General Counsel
26 3451 N. Triumph Blvd., Garden Level
27 Lehi, Utah 84042
28 leslie@Tranont.com

With a copy to:

CHRISTOPHER J. MARTINEZ
DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP
111 South Main St, Ste 2100
Salt Lake City, UT 84111
Ph: (801) 933-8940
Email: martinez.chris@dorsey.com

1 **12. COURT APPROVAL**

2 **12.1** Upon execution of this Consent Judgment by the Parties, ERC shall notice a
3 Motion for Court Approval. The Parties shall use their best efforts to support entry of this
4 Consent Judgment.

5 **12.2** If the California Attorney General objects to any term in this Consent Judgment,
6 the Parties shall use their best efforts to resolve the concern in a timely manner, and if possible
7 prior to the hearing on the motion.

8 **12.3** If this Stipulated Consent Judgment is not approved by the Court, it shall be
9 void and have no force or effect.

10 **13. EXECUTION AND COUNTERPARTS**

11 This Consent Judgment may be executed in counterparts, which taken together shall be
12 deemed to constitute one document. A facsimile or .pdf signature shall be construed to be as valid
13 as the original signature.

14 **14. DRAFTING**

15 The terms of this Consent Judgment have been reviewed by the respective counsel for
16 each Party prior to its signing, and each Party has had an opportunity to fully discuss the terms
17 and conditions with legal counsel. The Parties agree that, in any subsequent interpretation and
18 construction of this Consent Judgment, no inference, assumption, or presumption shall be drawn,
19 and no provision of this Consent Judgment shall be construed against any Party, based on the fact
20 that one of the Parties and/or one of the Parties' legal counsel prepared and/or drafted all or any
21 portion of the Consent Judgment. It is conclusively presumed that all of the Parties participated
22 equally in the preparation and drafting of this Consent Judgment.

23 **15. GOOD FAITH ATTEMPT TO RESOLVE DISPUTES**

24 If a dispute arises with respect to either Party's compliance with the terms of this Consent
25 Judgment entered by the Court, the Parties shall meet and confer in person, by telephone, and/or
26 in writing and endeavor to resolve the dispute in an amicable manner. No action or motion may
27 be filed in the absence of such a good faith attempt to resolve the dispute beforehand.

28 ///

1 **16. ENFORCEMENT**

2 ERC may, by motion or order to show cause before the Superior Court of Alameda
3 County, enforce the terms and conditions contained in this Consent Judgment. In any action
4 brought by ERC to enforce this Consent Judgment, ERC may seek whatever fines, costs,
5 penalties, or remedies as are provided by law for failure to comply with the Consent Judgment.
6 To the extent the failure to comply with the Consent Judgment constitutes a violation of other
7 laws, ERC shall not be limited to enforcement of this Consent Judgment, but may seek in
8 another action whatever fines, costs, penalties, or remedies as are provided by law for failure to
9 comply with other laws.

10 **17. ENTIRE AGREEMENT, AUTHORIZATION**

11 **17.1** This Consent Judgment contains the sole and entire agreement and
12 understanding of the Parties with respect to the entire subject matter herein, including any and
13 all prior discussions, negotiations, commitments, and understandings related thereto. No
14 representations, oral or otherwise, express or implied, other than those contained herein have
15 been made by any Party. No other agreements, oral or otherwise, unless specifically referred to
16 herein, shall be deemed to exist or to bind any Party.

17 **17.2** Each signatory to this Consent Judgment certifies that he or she is fully
18 authorized by the Party he or she represents to stipulate to this Consent Judgment.

19 **18. REQUEST FOR FINDINGS, APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT AND ENTRY OF**
20 **CONSENT JUDGMENT**

21 This Consent Judgment has come before the Court upon the request of the Parties. The
22 Parties request the Court to fully review this Consent Judgment and, being fully informed
23 regarding the matters which are the subject of this action, to:

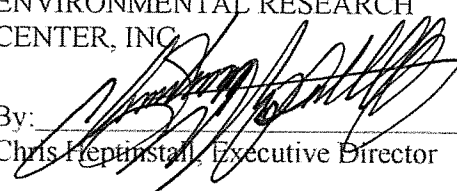
24 (1) Find that the terms and provisions of this Consent Judgment represent a fair and
25 equitable settlement of all matters raised by the allegations of the Complaint that the matter has
26 been diligently prosecuted, and that the public interest is served by such settlement; and

27 (2) Make the findings pursuant to California Health and Safety Code section
28 25249.7(f)(4), approve the Settlement, and approve this Consent Judgment.

1 **IT IS SO STIPULATED:**

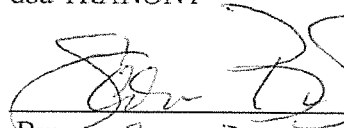
2 Dated: 3/28/, 2023

ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH
CENTER, INC

3
4 By: 
5 Chris Hepinstall, Executive Director

6 Dated: March 27, 2023, 2023


7 IMONEY TOOLS LLC, individually and
8 dba TRANONT

9
10 By: 
11 Its: SCOTT BLANKS
12 PRESIDENT

13 **APPROVED AS TO FORM:**

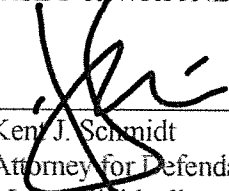
14 Dated: March 27, 2023, 2023

15 LOZEAU | DRURY LLP

16
17 By: 
18 Richard T. Drury
19 Rebecca L. Davis
20 Attorneys for Plaintiff Environmental
21 Research Center, Inc.

22 Dated: March 27, 2023

23 DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP

24 By: 
25 Kent J. Schmidt
26 Attorney for Defendant iMoney Tools
27 LLC, individually and dba Tranont
28

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ORDER AND JUDGMENT

Based upon the Parties’ Stipulation, and good cause appearing, this Consent Judgment is approved and Judgment is hereby entered according to its terms.

IT IS SO ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED.

Dated: _____, 2023 _____
Judge of the Superior Court

EXHIBIT A



T 510.836.4200
F 510.836.4205

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Oakland, CA 94612

www.lozeaudrury.com
richard@lozeaudrury.com

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL

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Lehi, UT 84043

Current CEO or President
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Guardian Law LLC
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cfepd@yolocounty.org

VIA ONLINE SUBMISSION

Office of the California Attorney General

VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL

District Attorneys of Select California
Counties and Select City Attorneys
(See Attached Certificate of Service)

Re: Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.*

Dear Addressees:

I represent Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”) in connection with this Notice of Violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, which is codified at California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.* and also referred to as Proposition 65.

ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

The name of the Company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violator”) is:

IMoney Tools LLC, individually and dba Tranont

The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemical in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- **Tranont Nourish GOS Prebiotic Meal Replacement Coconut Cream-Lead**
- **Tranont Nourish GOS Prebiotic Meal Replacement Brownie Batter -Lead**

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

This letter is a notice to the Violator and the appropriate governmental authorities of the Proposition 65 violations concerning the listed products. This notice covers all violations of Proposition 65 involving the Violator currently known to ERC from the information now available. ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations. A summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is enclosed with the copy of this letter to the Violator.

The Violator has manufactured, marketed, distributed, and/or sold the listed products, which has exposed and continue to expose numerous individuals within California to the identified chemical, lead. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products by consumers. The route of exposure to lead has been through ingestion. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to lead. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product's label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide an appropriate warning to persons ingesting these products that they are being exposed to lead. Each of these ongoing violations has occurred on every day since September 1, 2019, as well as every day since the products were introduced in the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users.

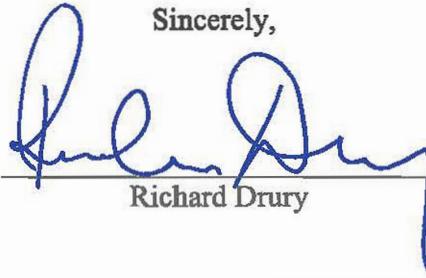
Pursuant to Section 25249.7(d) of the statute, ERC intends to file a citizen enforcement action sixty days after effective service of this notice unless the Violator agrees in an enforceable written instrument to: (1) reformulate the listed products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemical; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and my client's objectives in pursuing this notice, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution to this matter. Such resolution will avoid both further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemical and expensive and time consuming litigation.

September 1, 2022

Page 5

ERC's Executive Director is Chris Heptinstall, and is located at 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108; Tel. 619-500-3090. ERC has retained me in connection with this matter. We suggest that communications regarding this Notice of Violations should be directed to my attention at the above listed law office address and telephone number.

Sincerely,



Richard Drury

Attachments

Certificate of Merit

Certificate of Service

OEHHA Summary (to IMoney Tools LLC, individually and dba Tranont and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)

Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

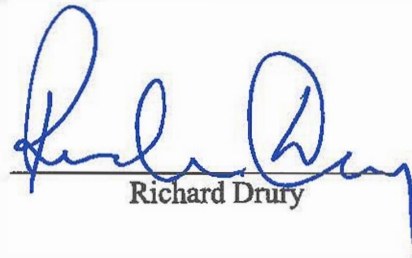
CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.'s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by IMoney Tools LLC, individually and dba Tranont

I, Richard Drury, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached sixty-day notice in which it is alleged the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.
2. I am an attorney for the noticing party.
3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the notice.
4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that "reasonable and meritorious case for the private action" means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff's case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.
5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: September 1, 2022


Richard Drury

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO 27 CCR § 25903

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States and over the age of 18 years of age. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On September 1, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it in a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current CEO or President
IMoney Tools LLC, individually and
dba Tranont
3451 N. Triumph Blvd
Garden Level
Lehi, UT 84043

Guardian Law LLC
(Registered Agent for IMoney Tools LLC,
individually and dba Tranont)
833 E Pioneer Rd, Ste 102
Draper, UT 84020

Current CEO or President
IMoney Tools LLC, individually and
dba Tranont
1605 N State St
Lehi, UT 84043

On September 1, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General’s website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On September 1, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

September 1, 2022

Page 8

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Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

September 1, 2022

Page 9

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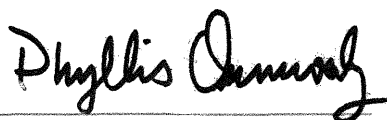
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On September 1, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto, and depositing it with the U.S. Postal Service with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by First Class Mail.

Executed on September 1, 2022, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.



Phyllis Dunwoody

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Attorney's Office
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Los Angeles, CA 90012

APPENDIX A

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as “Proposition 65”). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.¹ These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?

The “Proposition 65 List.” Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to

¹ All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html.

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

Clear and reasonable warnings. A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

Prohibition from discharges into drinking water. A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

Grace Period. Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

Governmental agencies and public water utilities. All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

Businesses with nine or fewer employees. Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer. For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question. For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food. Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant² it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water. The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

² See Section 25501(a)(4).

HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included in Appendix B and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at:
<http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov.

Revised: May 2017

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.

EXHIBIT B



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Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

September 15, 2022

Page 3

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VIA ONLINE SUBMISSION

Office of the California Attorney General

VIA FIRST CLASS MAIL

District Attorneys of Select California
Counties and Select City Attorneys
(See Attached Certificate of Service)

Re: Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.*

Dear Addressees:

I represent Environmental Research Center, Inc. (“ERC”) in connection with this Notice of Violations of California’s Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, which is codified at California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.5 *et seq.* and also referred to as Proposition 65.

ERC is a California non-profit corporation dedicated to, among other causes, helping safeguard the public from health hazards by bringing about a reduction in the use and misuse of hazardous and toxic chemicals, facilitating a safe environment for consumers and employees, and encouraging corporate responsibility.

The name of the Company covered by this notice that violated Proposition 65 (hereinafter the “Violator”) is:

IMoney Tools LLC, individually and dba Tranont

The products that are the subject of this notice and the chemical in those products identified as exceeding allowable levels are:

- 1. Tranont Boost - Lead**
- 2. Tranont Glow Advanced Type 1 Collagen with Superfood Antioxidant Support Strawberry Banana - Mercury**
- 3. Tranont Glow Advanced Type 1 Collagen with Superfood Antioxidant Support Orange Cream - Mercury**

On February 27, 1987, the State of California officially listed lead as a chemical known to cause developmental toxicity, and male and female reproductive toxicity. On October 1, 1992, the State of California officially listed lead and lead compounds as chemicals known to cause cancer.

On July 1, 1990, the State of California officially listed mercury and mercury compounds as chemicals known to cause developmental toxicity and male and female reproductive toxicity.

This letter is a notice to the Violator and the appropriate governmental authorities of the Proposition 65 violations concerning the listed products. This notice covers all violations of Proposition 65 involving the Violator currently known to ERC from the information now available. ERC may continue to investigate other products that may reveal further violations. A summary of Proposition 65, prepared by the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, is enclosed with the copy of this letter to the Violator.

The Violator has manufactured, marketed, distributed, and/or sold the listed products, which has exposed and continue to expose numerous individuals within California to the identified chemical, lead. The consumer exposures that are the subject of this notice result from the recommended use of these products by consumers. The route of exposure to lead has been through ingestion. Proposition 65 requires that a clear and reasonable warning be provided prior to exposure to lead. The method of warning should be a warning that appears on the product's label. The Violator violated Proposition 65 because it failed to provide an appropriate warning to persons ingesting these products that they are being exposed to lead. Each of these ongoing violations has occurred on every day since September 15, 2019, as well as every day since the products were introduced in the California marketplace, and will continue every day until clear and reasonable warnings are provided to product purchasers and users.

Pursuant to Section 25249.7(d) of the statute, ERC intends to file a citizen enforcement action sixty days after effective service of this notice unless the Violator agrees in an enforceable written instrument to: (1) reformulate the listed products so as to eliminate further exposures to the identified chemical; (2) pay an appropriate civil penalty; and (3) provide clear and reasonable warnings compliant with Proposition 65 to all persons located in California who purchased the above products in the last three years. Consistent with the public interest goals of Proposition 65 and my client's objectives in pursuing this notice, ERC is interested in seeking a constructive resolution to this matter. Such resolution will avoid both further unwarned consumer exposures to the identified chemical and expensive and time consuming litigation.

September 15, 2022

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ERC's Executive Director is Chris Heptinstall, and is located at 3111 Camino Del Rio North, Suite 400, San Diego, CA 92108; Tel. 619-500-3090. ERC has retained me in connection with this matter. We suggest that communications regarding this Notice of Violations should be directed to my attention at the above listed law office address and telephone number.

Sincerely,



Rebecca Davis

Attachments

Certificate of Merit

Certificate of Service

OEHHA Summary (to IMoney Tools LLC, individually and dba Tranont and its Registered Agent for Service of Process only)

Additional Supporting Information for Certificate of Merit (to AG only)

CERTIFICATE OF MERIT

Re: Environmental Research Center, Inc.’s Notice of Proposition 65 Violations by IMoney Tools LLC, individually and dba Tranont

I, Rebecca Davis, declare:

1. This Certificate of Merit accompanies the attached sixty-day notice in which it is alleged the party identified in the notice violated California Health & Safety Code Section 25249.6 by failing to provide clear and reasonable warnings.
2. I am an attorney for the noticing party.
3. I have consulted with one or more persons with relevant and appropriate experience or expertise who have reviewed facts, studies, or other data regarding the exposure to the listed chemical that is the subject of the notice.
4. Based on the information obtained through those consultants, and on other information in my possession, I believe there is a reasonable and meritorious case for the private action. I understand that “reasonable and meritorious case for the private action” means that the information provides a credible basis that all elements of the plaintiff’s case can be established and that the information did not prove that the alleged Violator will be able to establish any of the affirmative defenses set forth in the statute.
5. Along with the copy of this Certificate of Merit served on the Attorney General is attached additional factual information sufficient to establish the basis for this certificate, including the information identified in California Health & Safety Code §25249.7(h)(2), i.e., (1) the identity of the persons consulted with and relied on by the certifier, and (2) the facts, studies, or other data reviewed by those persons.

Dated: September 15, 2022



Rebecca Davis

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE PURSUANT TO 27 CCR § 25903

I, the undersigned, declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the following is true and correct:

I am a citizen of the United States and over the age of 18 years of age. My business address is 306 Joy Street, Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia 30742. I am a resident or employed in the county where the mailing occurred. The envelope or package was placed in the mail at Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.

On September 15, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS OF CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; “THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY”** on the following parties by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties listed below and depositing it in a U.S. Postal Service Office with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by Certified Mail:

Current CEO or President
IMoney Tools LLC, individually and
dba Tranont
3451 N. Triumph Blvd
Garden Level
Lehi, UT 84043

Guardian Law LLC
(Registered Agent for IMoney Tools LLC,
individually and dba Tranont)
833 E Pioneer Rd, Ste 102
Draper, UT 84020

Current CEO or President
IMoney Tools LLC, individually and
dba Tranont
1605 N State St
Lehi, UT 84043

On September 15, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT; ADDITIONAL SUPPORTING INFORMATION FOR CERTIFICATE OF MERIT AS REQUIRED BY CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.7(d)(1)** were served on the following party when a true and correct copy thereof was uploaded on the California Attorney General’s website, which can be accessed at <https://oag.ca.gov/prop65/add-60-day-notice> :

Office of the California Attorney General
Prop 65 Enforcement Reporting
1515 Clay Street, Suite 2000
Oakland, CA 94612-0550

On September 15, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I verified the following documents **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** were served on the following parties when a true and correct copy thereof was sent via electronic mail to each of the parties listed below:

Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*

September 15, 2022

Page 8

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Notice of Violations of California Health & Safety Code §25249.5 *et seq.*
September 15, 2022
Page 9

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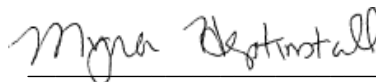
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On September 15, 2022, between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Eastern Time, I served the following documents: **NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS, CALIFORNIA HEALTH & SAFETY CODE §25249.5 ET SEQ.; CERTIFICATE OF MERIT** on each of the parties on the Service List attached hereto by placing a true and correct copy thereof in a sealed envelope, addressed to each of the parties **on the Service List attached hereto**, and depositing it with the U.S. Postal Service with the postage fully prepaid for delivery by First Class Mail.

Executed on September 15, 2022, in Fort Oglethorpe, Georgia.



Myra Heptinstall

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APPENDIX A

OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH HAZARD ASSESSMENT CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

THE SAFE DRINKING WATER AND TOXIC ENFORCEMENT ACT OF 1986 (PROPOSITION 65): A SUMMARY

The following summary has been prepared by the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (OEHHA), the lead agency for the implementation of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (commonly known as "Proposition 65"). A copy of this summary must be included as an attachment to any notice of violation served upon an alleged violator of the Act. The summary provides basic information about the provisions of the law, and is intended to serve only as a convenient source of general information. It is not intended to provide authoritative guidance on the meaning or application of the law. The reader is directed to the statute and OEHHA implementing regulations (see citations below) for further information.

FOR INFORMATION CONCERNING THE BASIS FOR THE ALLEGATIONS IN THE NOTICE RELATED TO YOUR BUSINESS, CONTACT THE PERSON IDENTIFIED ON THE NOTICE.

The text of Proposition 65 (Health and Safety Code Sections 25249.5 through 25249.13) is available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65law72003.html>. Regulations that provide more specific guidance on compliance, and that specify procedures to be followed by the State in carrying out certain aspects of the law, are found in Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations, sections 25102 through 27001.¹ These implementing regulations are available online at: <http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/P65Regs.html>.

WHAT DOES PROPOSITION 65 REQUIRE?

The "Proposition 65 List." Under Proposition 65, the lead agency (OEHHA) publishes a list of chemicals that are known to the State of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive toxicity. Chemicals are placed on the Proposition 65 list if they are known to cause cancer and/or birth defects or other reproductive harm, such as damage to

¹ All further regulatory references are to sections of Title 27 of the California Code of Regulations unless otherwise indicated. The statute, regulations and relevant case law are available on the OEHHA website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>.

female or male reproductive systems or to the developing fetus. This list must be updated at least once a year. The current Proposition 65 list of chemicals is available on the OEHHA website at: http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/prop65_list/Newlist.html.

Only those chemicals that are on the list are regulated under Proposition 65. Businesses that produce, use, release or otherwise engage in activities involving listed chemicals must comply with the following:

Clear and reasonable warnings. A business is required to warn a person before “knowingly and intentionally” exposing that person to a listed chemical unless an exemption applies. The warning given must be “clear and reasonable.” This means that the warning must: (1) clearly make known that the chemical involved is known to cause cancer, or birth defects or other reproductive harm; and (2) be given in such a way that it will effectively reach the person before he or she is exposed to that chemical. Some exposures are exempt from the warning requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

Prohibition from discharges into drinking water. A business must not knowingly discharge or release a listed chemical into water or onto land where it passes or probably will pass into a source of drinking water. Some discharges are exempt from this requirement under certain circumstances discussed below.

DOES PROPOSITION 65 PROVIDE ANY EXEMPTIONS?

Yes. You should consult the current version of the statute and regulations (<http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/index.html>) to determine all applicable exemptions, the most common of which are the following:

Grace Period. Proposition 65 warning requirements do not apply until 12 months after the chemical has been listed. The Proposition 65 discharge prohibition does not apply to a discharge or release of a chemical that takes place less than 20 months after the listing of the chemical.

Governmental agencies and public water utilities. All agencies of the federal, state or local government, as well as entities operating public water systems, are exempt.

Businesses with nine or fewer employees. Neither the warning requirement nor the discharge prohibition applies to a business that employs a total of nine or fewer employees. This includes all employees, not just those present in California.

Exposures that pose no significant risk of cancer. For chemicals that are listed under Proposition 65 as known to the State to cause cancer, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure occurs at a level that poses “no significant risk.” This means that the exposure is calculated to result in not more than one excess case of cancer in 100,000 individuals exposed over a 70-year lifetime. The Proposition 65 regulations identify specific “No Significant Risk Levels” (NSRLs) for many listed carcinogens. Exposures below these levels are exempt from the warning requirement. See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of NSRLs, and Section 25701 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures that will produce no observable reproductive effect at 1,000 times the level in question. For chemicals known to the State to cause reproductive toxicity, a warning is not required if the business causing the exposure can demonstrate that the exposure will produce no observable effect, even at 1,000 times the level in question. In other words, the level of exposure must be below the “no observable effect level” divided by 1,000. This number is known as the Maximum Allowable Dose Level (MADL). See OEHHA's website at: <http://www.oehha.ca.gov/prop65/getNSRLs.html> for a list of MADLs, and Section 25801 *et seq.* of the regulations for information concerning how these levels are calculated.

Exposures to Naturally Occurring Chemicals in Food. Certain exposures to chemicals that naturally occur in foods (i.e., that do not result from any known human activity, including activity by someone other than the person causing the exposure) are exempt from the warning requirements of the law. If the chemical is a contaminant² it must be reduced to the lowest level feasible. Regulations explaining this exemption can be found in Section 25501.

Discharges that do not result in a “significant amount” of the listed chemical entering any source of drinking water. The prohibition from discharges into drinking water does not apply if the discharger is able to demonstrate that a “significant amount” of the listed chemical has not, does not, or will not pass into or probably pass into a source of drinking water, and that the discharge complies with all other applicable laws, regulations, permits, requirements, or orders. A “significant amount” means any detectable amount, except an amount that would meet the “no significant risk” level for chemicals that cause cancer or that is 1,000 times below the “no observable effect” level for chemicals that cause reproductive toxicity, if an individual were exposed to that amount in drinking water.

² See Section 25501(a)(4).

HOW IS PROPOSITION 65 ENFORCED?

Enforcement is carried out through civil lawsuits. These lawsuits may be brought by the Attorney General, any district attorney, or certain city attorneys. Lawsuits may also be brought by private parties acting in the public interest, but only after providing notice of the alleged violation to the Attorney General, the appropriate district attorney and city attorney, and the business accused of the violation. The notice must provide adequate information to allow the recipient to assess the nature of the alleged violation. The notice must comply with the information and procedural requirements specified in Section 25903 of Title 27 and sections 3100-3103 of Title 11. A private party may not pursue an independent enforcement action under Proposition 65 if one of the governmental officials noted above initiates an enforcement action within sixty days of the notice.

A business found to be in violation of Proposition 65 is subject to civil penalties of up to \$2,500 per day for each violation. In addition, the business may be ordered by a court to stop committing the violation.

A private party may not file an enforcement action based on certain exposures if the alleged violator meets specific conditions. For the following types of exposures, the Act provides an opportunity for the business to correct the alleged violation:

- An exposure to alcoholic beverages that are consumed on the alleged violator's premises to the extent onsite consumption is permitted by law;
- An exposure to a Proposition 65 listed chemical in a food or beverage prepared and sold on the alleged violator's premises that is primarily intended for immediate consumption on- or off-premises. This only applies if the chemical was not intentionally added to the food, and was formed by cooking or similar preparation of food or beverage components necessary to render the food or beverage palatable or to avoid microbiological contamination;
- An exposure to environmental tobacco smoke caused by entry of persons (other than employees) on premises owned or operated by the alleged violator where smoking is permitted at any location on the premises;
- An exposure to listed chemicals in engine exhaust, to the extent the exposure occurs inside a facility owned or operated by the alleged violator and primarily intended for parking non-commercial vehicles.

If a private party alleges that a violation occurred based on one of the exposures described above, the private party must first provide the alleged violator a notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form.

A copy of the notice of special compliance procedure and proof of compliance form is included in Appendix B and can be downloaded from OEHHA's website at:
<http://oehha.ca.gov/prop65/law/p65law72003.html>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION ABOUT THE LAW OR REGULATIONS...

Contact the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment's Proposition 65 Implementation Office at (916) 445-6900 or via e-mail at P65Public.Comments@oehha.ca.gov.

Revised: May 2017

NOTE: Authority cited: Section 25249.12, Health and Safety Code. Reference: Sections 25249.5, 25249.6, 25249.7, 25249.9, 25249.10 and 25249.11, Health and Safety Code.