

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Parties

This Settlement Agreement is entered into by and between Environmental Health Advocates, Inc. (“EHA”), on the one hand, and Pretty Vulgar, LLC (“Pretty Vulgar”), on the other hand, with EHA and Pretty Vulgar each individually referred to as a “Party” and collectively as the “Parties.” EHA is a corporation in the State of California serving in the interest of the general public by seeking to promote awareness of exposures to toxic chemicals and to improve human health by reducing or eliminating hazardous substances used in consumer products. EHA alleges that Pretty Vulgar is a person in the course of doing business for purposes of the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986, California Health and Safety Code § 25249.6 *et seq.* (“Proposition 65”).

1.2 General Allegations

EHA alleges that Pretty Vulgar manufactures, sells, and/or distributes for sale in California, bronzer powder products that cause consumer exposure to Titanium Dioxide (airborne, unbound particles of respirable size) (“TiO₂ AUPRS”) and that it does so without first providing the health hazard warning required by Proposition 65. TiO₂ AUPRS is listed pursuant to Proposition 65 as a chemical known to cause cancer. Pretty Vulgar denies all of EHA’s allegations, and maintains that all products it manufactures, sells and/or distributes for sale in California are safe and comply with all applicable state and federal laws, including but not limited to Proposition 65.

1.3 Product Description

The products covered by this Settlement Agreement are defined as cosmetic powder products including but not limited to Pretty Vulgar Bronzed B Sun-Kissed Snitch containing TiO₂ AUPRS (“Covered Products”), that are manufactured, sold or distributed for sale in California by Pretty Vulgar and/or its ownership.

1.4 Notice of Violation

On or around September 1, 2022, EHA served Pretty Vulgar, LLC, Marshalls of CA, LLC, the California Attorney General, and certain other public enforcement agencies (EHA believes

required) with a 60-Day Notice of Violation of Proposition 65 (“Notice”). On October 18, 2022, EHA served the same parties with an amended 60-Day Notice of Violation of Proposition 65 (“Amended Notice”). The Notice and Amended Notice (collectively, “Notices”) alleged that Pretty Vulgar had violated Proposition 65 by failing to sufficiently warn consumers in California of the health hazards associated with exposures to TiO₂ AUPRS contained in Covered Products.

To the best of the parties’ knowledge, no public enforcer has commenced or is otherwise prosecuting an action to enforce the violations alleged in the Notices.

1.5 No Admission

Pretty Vulgar denies the material, factual, and legal allegations in the Notice and maintains that all of the products it sold and/or distributed for sale in California, including Covered Products, have been, and are, in compliance with all laws. Nothing in this Settlement Agreement shall be construed as an admission by Pretty Vulgar of any fact, finding, conclusion, issue of law or violation of law, nor shall compliance with this Settlement Agreement constitute or be construed as an admission by Pretty Vulgar of any fact, finding, conclusion, issue of law or violation of law, such being specifically denied by Pretty Vulgar. This Section shall not, however, diminish or otherwise affect Pretty Vulgar's obligations, responsibilities, and duties under this Settlement Agreement.

1.6 Effective Date

For purposes of this Settlement Agreement, the term “Effective Date” shall mean the date this Settlement Agreement is fully executed by the Parties.

2. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF

2.1 Reformulation Standard

Commencing one year after the Effective Date (“Compliance Date”), Pretty Vulgar shall not sell any Covered Product in California that: (1) when measured using air capture, contains greater than 250 respirable-sized unbound Titanium Dioxide (“TiO₂”) particles per liter (str/L) of air, or for elongate fibers of TiO₂, greater than 75 str/L; or (2) when measured using bulk testing, greater 5.0 X 10³ respirable-sized TiO₂ unbound particles. This would be measured using either of the following methods:

A. Air Capture

1. Testing should be carried out in a sealed laboratory glovebox or containment free from external air movements or contaminants. Released particulate should be collected on a 25mm air monitoring cassette with a 0.45-micron MCE filter, connected to a personal air sampling pump calibrated to a flow rate of 2.0 L / min.

2. With the air sampling pump running, use a makeup applicator or brush and apply enough pressure to transfer the product onto the tool. Tap or blow off excess product. Simulate applying the product to a gloved hand or other nonporous surface located no more than 20 cm from the air cassette, for 10 minutes. Allow the air sampling pump to run for another 5 minutes with no disturbance of the product. Prepare the resulting filters from the air cassettes for TEM by collapsing the filter coating with carbon evaporated in high vacuum (10^{-4} to 10^{-5} Pa), placing onto TEM grids, and dissolving away residual filter material. Particulate should be analyzed via a TEM with an acceleration voltage of 100KeV equipped with EDXA and SAED at magnifications of at least 15,000x. Calculated concentration should be made relevant to effective filter area (EFA) divided by the area analyzed, relative to the liters of air sampled, i.e., on a str/L basis.

B. Bulk Testing

1. Preparation for qualitative presence or absence and quantification of TiO₂ particles unbound in the respirable-size fraction by TEM are conducted as follows: The product is prepared for analysis by weighing and suspending a portion of the suspect material in an alcohol/deionized water mix. Measured aliquots of the sample suspension are then filtered through a 0.2 μ m mixed cellulose ester filter (MCE). EHA has determined that the optimal range of material extracted from the product falls between 10-50 mg suspended in a 400 mL 50/50 DI H₂O/isopropyl alcohol solution, from which 1-5 mL aliquots are drawn and filtered. The final MCE filter is dried, collapsed with acetone, and coated with carbon in a vacuum evaporator. The fibers and solids collected on the carbon-coated filter replicate are transferred onto copper grids for TEM analysis.

2. The resulting preparation is then scanned to assure a particle loading of the filter between 5-15%, and then quantified by analysis, measuring lengths and widths and chemistries of particulate to determine overall percent TiO₂ and size bin categorized for comparison with target

value compliances. Only particles less than 10 µm relative aerodynamic diameter not touching or adhering to other materials on the filter preparation that reveal only titanium (and oxygen) peaks by EDS will be considered for quantification. To observe and quantify all such structures down to unbound particles as small as 50 nm (minimum dimension of 0.050 µm), the analysis should be conducted at 20-25,000x magnification. Sufficient area of the filter shall be analyzed to reach an analytical sensitivity of at least 5.0×10^3 RPTi /mg of product.

3. Products prepared and analyzed by this bulk screening protocol that are found to contain $>5.0 \times 10^3$ RPTi /mg of product shall be deemed as “Fails TiO₂ screening test”, as would any product found to contain respirable titanium dioxide fibers (mineralogically, acicular to fibrous rutile) observed on the filter analyzed to the specified analytical sensitivity (5.0×10^3 RPTi /mg). Product samples thusly failing this standard would then be recommended for further testing to confirm releasability such as product use simulation in a controlled environment with appropriate air testing, etcetera. Alternatively, such products may be reformulated by the manufacturer or removed as noncompliant.

Should EHA reach a settlement with another cosmetics manufacturer, distributor or reseller alleging a violation of Proposition 65 with respect to TiO₂ AUPRS, Pretty Vulgar may comply with the reformulation standard in that settlement and will be deemed in compliance with Proposition 65.

Covered Products’ compliance with either the air capture or bulk testing standard set forth in this section constitutes compliance with Proposition 65 as to TiO₂ AUPRS.


If, despite reasonable good faith efforts, Pretty Vulgar is unable to achieve the reformulation levels or employ the testing methodology as set forth in Section 2.1 by the Compliance Date, Pretty Vulgar shall give written notice to EHA and the parties shall meet and confer in good faith to discuss an alternative reformulation level and/or testing methodology and modify this Agreement if agreed by the Parties.

2.2 General Warning Requirements

Commencing on the Compliance Date, Pretty Vulgar agrees any Covered Product sold in California that is not reformulated pursuant to paragraph 2.1 shall contain a Proposition 65 warning. Pretty Vulgar agrees that each warning shall be prominently placed with such conspicuousness, as

compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices as to render it likely to be read and understood by an ordinary individual under customary conditions before purchase or use. Each warning shall be provided in a manner such that the consumer or user understands to which *specific* Covered Products the warning applies, so as to minimize the risk of consumer confusion.

For purposes of this Settlement Agreement, a clear and reasonable warning for the Covered Products shall consist of a warning affixed to the packaging, label, tag, directly to each Covered Products sold in California by Pretty Vulgar, or on a placard, shelf tag, sign or electronic device or automatic process that contains one of the following statements:

- 1) **Option 1:**  **WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium Dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

OR

- 2) **Option 2:**  **WARNING:** Cancer—
www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

If the Option 2 warning statement is displayed on the Covered Products' packaging, it must be in a type size no smaller than the largest type size used for other "Consumer Information" on the product, and in any event no smaller than 6-point type. "Consumer Information" includes warnings, directions for use, ingredient lists, and nutritional information, but does not include the brand name, product name, company name, location of manufacture, or product advertising. The same warning shall be posted on any websites under the exclusive control of Pretty Vulgar where Covered Products are sold into California. Such warning shall constitute compliance with Proposition 65 with respect to TiO₂ AUPRS in the Covered Products for any Covered Products in existing inventory that had not been reformulated and were distributed and/or sold by Pretty Vulgar or any of the Releasees after the Compliance Date. There shall be no obligation for Pretty Vulgar to provide a warning for Covered Products that entered the stream of commerce prior to the Compliance Date, and the Section 4 release applies to all such Covered Products.

The warning requirements set forth herein are imposed pursuant to the terms of this

Settlement Agreement and are recognized by the Parties as not being the exclusive manner of providing a “clear and reasonable” Proposition 65 warning for the Covered Products. Warnings may also be provided in any manner authorized by the Proposition 65 Regulations, as may be amended in the future, provided that any such amended regulations are applicable to TiO₂ AUPRS in the Covered Products.

(i) Changes in Warning Regulations or Statutes

In the event that the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment promulgates one or more regulations requiring or permitting Proposition 65 warning text and/or methods of transmission applicable to the Covered Products and the chemical at issue, which are different than those set forth above, Pretty Vulgar shall be entitled to use, at its discretion, such other warning text and/or method of transmission without being deemed in breach of this Agreement. If regulations or legislation are enacted providing that Proposition 65 warnings as to TiO₂ AUPRS in this product are no longer required, a lack of warning by Pretty Vulgar will not thereafter be a breach of this Agreement. Pretty Vulgar shall instruct any third-party website (that sells products to California) to which it directly sells its Covered Products to include the same warning as a condition of selling the Covered Products; however, Pretty Vulgar does not assume any duty to monitor any third party websites for compliance.

2.3 Sell-Through Period for Covered Products

The injunctive requirements of Section 2 shall not apply to Covered Products that are already in the stream of commerce as of the Compliance Date, without regard to when such Covered Products were, or are in the future, distributed or sold to customers, which Covered Products are expressly subject to the releases provided in Section 4.1. For the avoidance of doubt, Covered Products in the stream of commerce specifically include, but are not limited to, Covered Products in the process of manufacture.

3. MONETARY SETTLEMENT TERMS

3.1 Civil Penalty Payment

Pursuant to Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(b)(2), and in settlement of all claims alleged in the Notice or referred to in this Settlement Agreement, Pretty Vulgar agrees to pay three thousand (\$3,000.00) in civil penalties. The penalty payment will be allocated in accordance with California Health and Safety Code §§ 25249.12(c)(1) & (d), with 75% of the penalty amount paid to the California Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment (“OEHHA”) and the remaining 25% of the penalty amount retained by EHA. Pretty Vulgar shall issue two separate checks for the initial civil penalty payment to (a) “OEHHA” and (b) EHA as follows:

- One payment of \$2,250.00 to OEHHA, due on or before June 30, 2023.
- One payment of \$750.00 to EHA, due on or before June 30, 2023.

All payments owed to OEHHA (EIN: 68-0284486), pursuant to this Section shall be delivered directly to OEHHA (Memo Line "Prop 65 Penalties") at the following addresses:

For United States Postal Service Delivery:

Mike Gyurics
Fiscal Operations Branch Chief
Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment
P.O. Box 4010
Sacramento, CA 95812-4010

For Non-United States Postal Service Delivery:

Mike Gyurics
Fiscal Operations Branch Chief
Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment
1001 I Street
Sacramento, CA 95814

All penalty payments owed to EHA shall be sent to:

Isaac Fayman
Environmental Health Advocates
225 Broadway, Suite 1900
San Diego, CA 92101

3.2 Attorney Fees and Costs

The Parties reached an accord on the compensation due to EHA and its counsel under the private attorney general doctrine and principles of contract law. Under these legal principles, Pretty Vulgar agrees to pay thirty-two thousand dollars (\$32,000.00) to EHA and its counsel for all fees and costs incurred in investigating, bringing this matter the attention of Pretty Vulgar, and negotiating a settlement. The thirty-two thousand dollars (\$32,000.00) in Attorney's Fees and Costs shall be payable to Entorno Law, LLP as follows:

- The First Installment shall be in the amount of two thousand dollars (\$2,000.00), payable to Entorno Law, LLP, on or before June 30, 2023 ("First Installment").
- The Second Installment shall be in the amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), payable to Entorno Law, LLP, on or before July 31, 2023 ("Second Installment").
- The Third Installment shall be in the amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), payable to Entorno Law, LLP, on or before August 31, 2023 ("Third Installment").
- The Fourth Installment shall be in the amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), payable to Entorno Law, LLP, on or before September 30, 2023 ("Fourth Installment").
- The Fifth Installment shall be in the amount of five thousand dollars (\$5,000.00), payable to Entorno Law, LLP, on or before October 31, 2023 ("Fifth Installment").
- The Sixth Installment shall be in the amount of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00), payable to Entorno Law, LLP, on or before November 30, 2023 ("Sixth Installment"); provided, however, if the First through Fifth Installments are timely made, then EHA agrees to waive the Sixth Installment.

All payments required under this Section shall be delivered to:

Noam Glick
Entorno Law, LLP
225 Broadway, Suite 1900
San Diego, CA 92101

3.4 Tax Documentation

Pretty Vulgar agrees to provide a completed IRS 1099 for its payments to, and EHA agrees

to provide IRS W-9 forms for, each of the payees under this Settlement Agreement. The Parties acknowledge that Pretty Vulgar cannot issue any settlement payments pursuant to Section 3.1 and 3.2 above until after Pretty Vulgar receives the requisite W-9 forms from EHA's counsel.

4. CLAIMS COVERED AND RELEASED

4.1 EHA's Release of Pretty Vulgar

This Settlement Agreement is a full, final, and binding resolution of all claims between EHA, on its own behalf and not on behalf of the public, and Pretty Vulgar for all claims that can or could have been asserted by EHA, on its own behalf, on behalf of its past and current agents, representatives, attorneys, successors and assignees, against Pretty Vulgar and each of its respective parents, subsidiaries, affiliated entities under common ownership, directors, officers, members, managers, employees, attorneys, and any entity, including, but not limited to each entity from whom Pretty Vulgar purchases or acquires the Covered Products, including, but not limited to, its upstream suppliers and manufacturers, and to whom Pretty Vulgar directly or indirectly distributes or sells the Covered Products, including, but not limited to, its downstream distributors, wholesalers, customers, retailers, including (including but not limited to Marshalls of CA, LLC), franchisees, cooperative members and licensees ("Releasees"), based on the failure to warn about exposures to TiO₂ AUPRS required under Proposition 65 in the Covered Products manufactured, sold or distributed for sale in California by Pretty Vulgar before the Compliance Date, as alleged in the Notice, or for any other reason.

In further consideration of the promises and agreements herein contained, EHA on its own behalf and not on behalf of the public, on behalf of its past and current agents, representatives, attorneys, successors and assignees hereby waives any and all rights it may have to institute or participate in, directly or indirectly, any form of legal action and releases all claims against Pretty Vulgar and Releasees including, without limitation, all actions and causes of action, suits, liabilities, demands, obligations, damages, costs, fines, penalties, losses or expenses including, but not exclusively, investigation fees, expert fees and attorney fees arising under Proposition 65 with respect to the alleged or actual failure to warn about consumer exposures to listed chemicals under Proposition 65 in the Covered Products manufactured, distributed, sold or offered for sale by Pretty

Vulgar, before the Compliance Date.

4.2 Pretty Vulgar's Release of EHA

Pretty Vulgar, on its own behalf and on behalf of its past and current agents, representatives, attorneys, successors, and assignees, hereby waives any and all claims against EHA and its attorneys and other representatives, for any and all actions taken or statements made by EHA and its attorneys and other representatives, whether in the course of investigating claims, otherwise seeking to enforce Proposition 65 against it in this matter, or with respect to the Covered Products.

4.3 California Civil Code Section 1542

It is possible that other claims not known to the Parties arising out of the facts alleged in the Notice and relating to the Covered Products will develop or be discovered. EHA on behalf of itself only, on one hand, and Pretty Vulgar on behalf of itself only, on the other hand, acknowledge that this Settlement Agreement is expressly intended to cover and include all such claims up through the Compliance Date. The Parties acknowledge that the claims released in Sections 4.1 and 4.2 may include unknown claims, and nevertheless waive California Civil Code section 1542 as to any such unknown claims. California Civil Code section 1542 reads as follows:

A GENERAL RELEASE DOES NOT EXTEND TO CLAIMS THAT THE CREDITOR OR RELEASING PARTY DOES NOT KNOW OR SUSPECT TO EXIST IN HIS OR HER FAVOR AT THE TIME OF EXECUTING THE RELEASE AND THAT, IF KNOWN BY HIM OR HER, WOULD HAVE MATERIALLY AFFECTED HIS OR HER SETTLEMENT WITH THE DEBTOR OR RELEASED PARTY.

EHA and Pretty Vulgar each acknowledge and understand the significance and consequences of this specific waiver of California Civil Code § 1542.

5 PUBLIC BENEFIT

It is Pretty Vulgar's understanding that the commitments it has agreed to herein, and actions to be taken by Pretty Vulgar under this Settlement Agreement confer a significant benefit to the general public, as set forth in Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5 and Cal. Admin. Code tit. 11, § 3201. As such, it is the intent of Pretty Vulgar that to the extent any other private party serves a notice and/or initiates an action alleging a violation of Proposition 65 with respect to Pretty Vulgar's

alleged failure to provide a warning concerning actual or alleged exposure to TiO2 AUPRS from use of the Covered Products it has manufactured, distributed, sold, or offered for sale in California, or will manufacture, distribute, sell, or offer for sale in California, such private party action would not confer a significant benefit on the general public as to those Covered Products addressed in this Settlement Agreement, provided that Pretty Vulgar is in material compliance with this Settlement Agreement.

6. SEVERABILITY

If, subsequent to the execution of this Settlement Agreement, any provision of this Settlement Agreement is held by a court to be unenforceable, the validity of the remaining provisions shall not be adversely affected.

7. GOVERNING LAW

The terms of this Settlement Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of California and apply within the State of California.

8. ENFORCEMENT

In any action to enforce the terms of this Settlement Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to its reasonable attorneys' fees and costs.

9. NOTICE

Unless specified herein, all correspondence and notice required to be provided pursuant to this Settlement Agreement shall be in writing and sent by: (a) personal delivery; (b) first-class, registered or certified mail, return receipt requested; or (c) a recognized overnight courier on any Party by the other at the following addresses:

For Pretty Vulgar:

Kim Sandell
Conkle, Kremer & Engel Professional Law Corporation
3130 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 500
Santa Monica, CA 90403-2351
k.sandell@conklelaw.com

For EHA:

Noam Glick
Entorno Law, LLP

225 Broadway, Suite 1900
San Diego, CA 92101

Any Party may, from time to time, specify in writing to the other a change of address to which all notices and other communications shall be sent.

10. COUNTERPARTS; FACSIMILE SIGNATURES

This Settlement Agreement may be executed in counterparts and by facsimile or portable document format (PDF) signature, each of which shall be deemed an original, and all of which, when taken together, shall constitute one and the same document.

11. COMPLIANCE WITH HEALTH & SAFETY CODE § 25249.7(f)

EHA and its attorneys agree to comply with the reporting form requirements referenced in California Health and Safety Code § 25249.7(f).

12. MODIFICATION

This Settlement Agreement may be modified only by written agreement of the Parties.

13. AUTHORIZATION

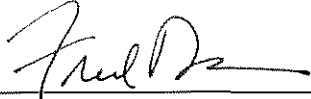
The undersigned are authorized to execute this Settlement Agreement on behalf of their respective Parties and have read, understood, and agree to all of the terms and conditions of this Settlement Agreement.

AGREED TO:

AGREED TO:

Date: 05/10/2023

Date: 5/10/23

By: 
ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
ADVOCATES, INC.

By: 
PRETTY VULGAR, LLC